THE INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLERS' GUIDE,
CONTAINING
The Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, Steam Boats, and Dak Companies, Bullock Trains and Transit Companies; the Routes between the principal towns of Northern, Central, Southern, and Western India, &c.
WITH A MAP OF INDIA.
Corrected up to March 1889.
BOMBAY:
Printed & Published at the *Bombay Gazette* Steam Press.
PRICE, 8 ANNAS.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 12,708—New Series. BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, AUGUST 30, 1889.

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Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain.	Tuesday. 1889.
BL THAMES.....	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	3rd Sept.
† ASSAM.....	3038	500	C. Gadd	10th ,,
				Friday.
L GANGES	4206	800	T. J. Alderton	20th Sept.
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	27th ,,
BL ORIENTAL ..	5500	1000	E. Stewart	4th Oct.
† ASSAM	3038	500	C. Gadd	11th ,,
BL CLYDE.....	4136	800	J. L. Parfitt	18th ,,
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	25th ,,
BL PENINSULAR	5500	1000	J Orman	1st Nov

The steamers marked B L proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.
† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers transhipthere to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.
Through Tickets are issued, including Railway Fare from Brindisi to London by the mail route, and names are registered for places in the Sleeping Cars.
A steam-barge leaves the Company's Dockyard at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing to convey passengers on board.
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Vessels.	Tons.	H. P.	Captain.	On or about 1889.
SUTLEJ	4205	800	W. D. Worcester.	29th Aug.
PESHAWUR ..	3927	600	L. H. Moule	2th Sept.
MALWA	2970	500	G. W. H. Browne	26th ,,
COROMANDEL	4499	800	I. Reeves	10th Oct.
KAISER-I-HIND	4003	700	W. Atkinson	24th ,,
THAMES.....	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	7th Nov.

In addition to the above a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China and Japan every fortnight, with liberty to call at any port or ports.
For further particulars, apply to
H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 5th August 1889.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

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Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.
Usual Discount on Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families.
The following or other 1st Class Steamers will LEAVE:

Steamers.	Tons. H.P.	Bombay.	Genoa.
R. RUBATTINO	5,000 800	10th Sept.	10th Oct.
SINGAPORE.....	5,000 800	1st Oct.	1st Nov.
D. BALDUINO.....	5,000 800	20th Oct.	20th Nov.
MANILLA	5,000 800	10th Nov.	10th Dec.

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK, including Railway Journey via Genoa or Naples, AT SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.
European Servants and Native Ayahs are charged Rs. 300 and Rs 100, respectively, inclusive of food. In case of immediate return, only 50 per cent. extra will be charged.

STEAM TO SINGAPORE & HONGKONG.

Steamer.	To sail
BISMONO.....On the 9th September 1889.	

For Handbooks of Information and other particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to
F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Aug. 9, 1889.

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STEAM TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, CALLING AT ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
IMPERATRIX (new)..	F. Egger.....	4,600	650	5th Sept.
POSEIDON	F. Kossovich	4,200	600	5th Oct.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. ...

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS:—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TO TRIESTE OR BRINDISI..	Rs. 800	Rs. 480.

Above rates include Wine or Beer supplied at meals.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.
Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued specially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey from and to Trieste.
Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 22nd and BRINDISI on the 24th of each month.
Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch on the day of sailing.

STEAMER TO RED SEA PORTS.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
ORION.....	B. Vidos.....	3,500	550	10th Sept.

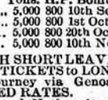
Calling at Aden, Hodeidah, Massowa, Suakin, Jeddah, Suez, Port Said, and Trieste.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
AMPHITRITE.....L. Lemesich ..		1,200	900	11th Sept.

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.
For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to
J. JANNI, Agent.
Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, 11th Aug. 1889.

ANCHOR LINE.



BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Commander.	Tons.	To sail.
ARMENIA .....Geo Read		3,695	1st Sept.
PERSIA.....Hutchison		3,547	20th ,,

THE above steamers will sail as above.
Carry a Surgeon and Stewardess and have every comfort for first class passengers. All the state rooms are on the upper deck.
For further particulars apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay, 12th Aug. 1889. Agents.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES COMPANY.
FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.
TO ZANZIBAR AND MAURITIUS.

THE s. s. LABOURDONNAIS will LEAVE BOMBAY on the 10th September 1889 at 3 p.m, FOR KURRACHEE and ADEN, in connection with the Australian steamer homeward-bound, and the Steamer from Marseilles proceeding to Zanzibar and Mauritius.
RETURN TICKETS TO MARSEILLES for three, six, and nine months delivered at specially REDUCED RATES.
THROUGH TICKETS are issued, including Railway Fare, from Marseilles to London.
Owing to the Monsoon, Passengers are invited to be on board the steamer in the Prince's Dock on the morning of the 10th September.
GUSTAVE RAT, Acting Agent,
29, Esplanade Road.

INDISPENSABLE TO TRAVELLERS IN INDIA.

THE INDIAN TRAVELLERS' GUIDE,

A MONTHLY PUBLICATION containing the time and fare tables of the Railway Companies' steam-boats and Dák companies, the routes between the principal Indian towns, tables of through-routes and fares from Bombay to places in India and abroad, short descriptive notices of all places of interest, the hill-sanitaria, &c., with a new map of India, showing every Railway station on the Indian lines. Price, 8 annas: postage free. Published on the first of every month at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "PEMBA," 1,554 tons, on WEDNESDAY, 8th September, at noon, calling at Kurrachee, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "KARAGOLA," 1,168 tons, at 11 a.m. on 1st September, after arrival of Outward English Mail, transferring Persian Gulf Mails and Passengers on arrival at Kurrachee to the Gulf steamer.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "HIMALAYA," 1,427 tons, on or about THURSDAY, 29th August, at noon, calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, AND MOZAMBIQUE.

THE S.S. "JAVA," 1,465 tons, on or about THURSDAY, 5th September, at 3 p.m.

FOR LONDON *VIA* KURRACHEE.

S. S. "KANGRA," 1,978 tons, on or about WEDNESDAY, 28th August.

FOR MARMAGAO DIRECT.

THE S. S. "ORIENTAL," 862 tons, on or about SATURDAY, 31st August.

FOR RANGOON.

THE S. S. "BYCULLA," 1,903 tons, on or about SATURDAY, 7th September.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 29th August, 1889. Agents.

STEAM.
CALCUTTA TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS.
BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

PASSENGER Steamers are despatched from Calcutta direct to Adelaide, Melbourne, Sydney, and Brisbane, returning *viâ* Torres Straits, booking Cargo and Passengers through to all ports in Queensland and New Zealand, with liberty to call at Singapore and Batavia.

Steamer.	Tons.	Date of leaving Calcutta.
DUKE OF SUTHERLAND...	2,899	...3rd September.

For Freight, Passage, or other particulars apply to
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.
Bombay, August 7, 1889. Agents.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TREACHER & Co., Limited, have just received a consignment of
DANIEL CRAWFORD'S
FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY.
Price Rs. 27 per doz., cash.

TREACHER & Co., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

TREACHER'S HIGHLAND MALT WHISKY. Rs. 25 per doz.

Has met with Great Approval.
Many Testimonials have been received as to its Superior Quality.
It is now supplied to a Large Number of Messes and Clubs.
The production of one of the Oldest and Largest Distilleries in the Highlands.
Has a Fine, Full, Mellow Flavour and an Agreeable Odour.
The Whisky for Connoisseurs.

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SUPERIOR PALE BRANDIES.
FROM THE CELEBRATED DISTILLERIES OF THE
VINE-GROWERS' ASSOCIATION OF COGNAC.

	Cash
TREACHER'S PALE COGNAC.....per doz., Rs.	29 0
TREACHER'S OLD PALE COGNAC ,, ,,	33 0
TREACHER'S FINE OLD PALE COGNAC, the Celebrated "Heart Labelled" Brandy ..... ,, ,,	37 0
TREACHER'S SPECIAL INVALID BRANDY, Matured for Medicinal use ..... ,, ,,	61 0

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GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co.—BOMBAY
GRINDLAY & CO.—CALCUTTA.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—Interest allowed on sums of Rs. 500, and upwards.

For 3 months	3	per cent.	per annum.
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GOVERNMENT CURRENCY NOTES of any circle of payment and approved cheques on CALCUTTA and MADRAS received.

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POWERFUL Binocular, Field, Sporting, or Race Glasses from Rs. 50 to Rs. 100, or made of Aluminium, which has the advantage of being extremely light, Rs. 80 to Rs. 150. Telescopic Binoculars possessing the maximum of power and penetration, Rs. 150 to Rs. 250.
OPERA GLASSES, in Morocco, Russia, Japanned Ivory, Tortoiseshell, Mother-o'-Pearl (plain or stained), Aluminum, Plush, &c., &c.

From Rs. 30 to Rs. 150.

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BEERS STOUTS AND CIDER.
TREACHER'S OWN BRAND
LIGHT PILSENER BEER.

BOTTLED at the Brewery specially for TREACHER & Co., Ld., and highly recommended as the best Light Beer in the Indian Market. This Beer is supplied under the Company's usual guarantee as to quality and condition, and all those desirous of a "GENUINE LIGHT MALT LIQUOR" should give "TREACHER'S PILSENER" a trial.

Cash Price.		Cash Price.	
Per dozen bottles	Rs. 6 0	Per dozen half-bottles	Rs. 4 0
Per case 4 doz. bottles	,, 23 0	Per case 6 doz. half-bottles	,, 23 0

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FOR
JOHNSON & CO.'S CANTERBURY ALE.

This pleasant Bitter Beer has been imported by Treacher & Co. at the suggestion of a well-known Physician in Bombay, and is strongly recommended as one of the very best Beers in the Indian Market. It has the genuine bitter aromatic flavour of the Hop, does not contain an excess of Alcohol, and possesses in an eminent degree those refreshing, digestive, and tonic properties which should characterise all Beers.

Per dozen bottles..... Rs. 6 4 | Per dozen half-bottles ..... Rs. 4 4

BASS'S BEER AND GUINNESS'S STOUT.
BOTTLED BY FOSTER AND SONS.

In the Home Market Messrs. Foster and Son's bottling is considered much the best, has by far the largest sale, and commands the highest price.
The Company are the Sole Agents for the Bombay Presidency.
Per dozen bottles, cash.....Rs. 6 12 | Per dozen half-bottles, cash ..... Rs. 4 12

	Bottles.	Half-Bottles.
BASS'S BEER, L. G. A., by Stone, per dozen, cash	Rs. 6 4	Rs. 4 4
BASS'S BEER, L. B. A., by Foster and Sons.....	,, 6 4	,, 4 4
GUINNESS'S DUBLIN STOUT, by Burke and Co., per doz., cash...	,, 6 12	,, 4 12
DEVONSHIRE CIDER, by Foster and Sons, per dozen, cash	,, 8 0	,, 5 8

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld..
WINE MERCHANTS.
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

KEMP AND CO., LD., BOMBAY.

THE subjoined SPECIALTIES are well worth the careful notice of our Constituents. Every care and attention is employed in their preparation, and they are guaranteed to be equal to anything imported.

KEMP'S Alterative Powder, Re. 1-8 bottle.
KEMP'S Antidysenteric Pills, As. 14 bottle.
KEMP'S Areca-nut Tooth Paste, Re. 1 pot.
KEMP'S Aromatized Castor Oil, Re. 1-4 bottle.
KEMP'S Arrowroot and Bael, Rs. 2-8 bottle.
KEMP'S Arrowroot and Pomegranate, Rs. 2-8 bottle.
KEMP'S Brilliantine, Re. 1-8 bottle.
KEMP'S Brown Windsor Soap, As. 10 and Re. 1-4 packet.
KEMP'S Camphorated Marsh Dentifrice, tin As. 10, Re. 1 bottle.
KEMP'S Chemical Food, Re. 1 and Re. 1-12 bot.
KEMP'S Chlorodyne, As. 12, Rs. 2, and Rs. 4 bot.
KEMP'S Cold Cream, Rs. 1 pot.
KEMP'S Complexion Fluid, Re. 1 bottle.
KEMP'S Dialysed Iron, As. 12 and Re. 1-8 bot.
KEMP'S Digestive Tablets, Re. 1 bottle.
KEMP'S Easton's Syrup, Re. 1-8 and Rs. 2-8 bot.
KEMP'S Edina Whisky, Rs. 27-8 doz.
KEMP'S Extract of Meat, Re. 1-4 bottle.
KEMP'S Fever Drops, Rs. 2 bottle.
KEMP'S Fever Saline, Re. 1-4 bottle.
KEMP'S Floral Mouth Elixir, Re. 1-4 and Rs. 2-4 bottle.
KEMP'S Gymkhana Bouquet, Rs. 2-8 bottle.
KEMP'S Ginger Essence, Re. 1 and Rs. 2 bottle.
KEMP'S Hair Dye, Rs. 2 case.
KEMP'S Hair Douche, Re. 1-8 and Rs. 2-8 bottle.
KEMP'S Insect Powder, As. 12, Re. 1-6, & Rs. 2-8 tin
KEMP'S Iodized Sarsaparilla, Rs. 2-8, Rs. 4-8, and Rs. 8-8 bottle.
KEMP'S Jeweller's Rouge, As. 12 bottle.
KEMP'S Juice of Rhinacanthus, Re. 1 bottle.
KEMP'S Kino Lozenges, As. 12 bottle.
KEMP'S Lavender Water, Re. 1-4, Rs. 2, and Rs. 3 bottle.
KEMP'S Lime Juice and Glycerine, Re. 1 bottle.
KEMP'S Marking Ink, As. 8 phial.
KEMP'S Mutton Extract, Rs. 3 bottle.
KEMP'S Nutritive Elixir, Rs. 2 bottle.
KEMP'S Nutritive Extract, Re. 1 and Rs. 2 bottle.
KEMP'S Ovoid Pills, all kinds, see List.
KEMP'S Oils, various, see List.
KEMP'S Peppermint Crystal, Re. 1 bottle.
KEMP'S Pomades, various, for the Hair, As. 12 bottle.
KEMP'S Quinine Wine, Rs. 22 doz.
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KEMP'S Rheumatikon, Re. 1 bottle.
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FINE OLD SCOTCH WHISKY,
A BLEND of FINE OLD CAMPBELTON and ISLAY,
Is a Rich, Mellow, and Soft Spirit, Genuine and Wholesome.
One of the best Whiskies imported into this country.
Per dozen, Rs. 24; Single bottle, Rs. 2, Jars at Rs. 11 per Gallon. Jars extra.
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35, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

FOOT BALL,
POLO,
SWEATER JERSEYS, &c.
THORPE AND CO.,

HAVE the pleasure to announce the arrival of the above, and invite an early inspection.

	Rs. a.
Best Lamb's Wool, 2-Inch Stripes—	
Black and Royal Blue	each 5 8
Black and Amber	
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Navy Blue, all sizes ... ... each Rs.	6 8 to 7 8
White Sweater Jerseys made from the Finest Wool, very Soft and Elastic, all sizes ... ... each Rs.	7 8 to 8 8
Extra Fine Cashmere Jerseys, made of the Finest Wool, very Soft, Non-irritating—	
Amber and Black	each 11 8
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Scarlet, Orange and Black Out-sizes	,, 12 8
Navy Blue Ribbed Cotton Hose	pair 3 12
Navy Blue Ribbed, all-Wool Hose	,, 3 12
White Cashmere Mufflers	each 3 8
Honeycomb	,, 2 12
Black and Amber Silk Squares	,, 7 8
Silk Squares, Club Colours...	,, 7 8
Elastic Web Belts, all Colours	,, 2 8
Black and Amber Ties	,, 1 12
White Saxony Flannel Shirt, well Shrunk	,, 8 8
White or Cream Silk and Wool Shirt, well Shrunk ...	,, 8 8
Cream Spun Silk Shirt	,, 12 8
White Cricketing Suits, very best Twill Flannel, thoroughly Shrunk	,, 30 0
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PIANOS ON HIRE tuned and kept in order, free of charge.
OLD PIANOS thoroughly renovated, equal to new.
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For cash with order, Rs. 710.	For cash with order, Rs. 780.	For cash with order, Rs. 1,350.
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Zinc-lined case, Rs. 25 extra.	Zinc-lined case, Rs. 25 extra.	Zinc-lined case, Rs. 25 extra.
Delivered free at any Railway Station in the City of Bombay or Poona.	Delivered free at any Railway Station in the City of Bombay or Poona.	Delivered free at any Railway Station in the City of Bombay or Poona.

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UMBRELLAS.

Myrtle Green	FOX'S PATENT STEEL	Superior Sticks, Natural and Silver-mounted Handles.
Brown and Black	LOCK RIB	
Rich Twill Silk.	PARAGON FRAMES.	

Rs. 12-8, Rs. 14-8, Rs. 16-0, Rs. 17-8 to Rs. 40-0.
SUPERIOR QUALITY EXTRA LIGHT.

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BOMBAY.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE,
THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

ADVICE TO INVALIDS.—If you wish to obtain quiet, refreshing sleep, free from headache relief from pain and anguish, to calm and assuage the weary achings of protracted disease, invigorate the nervous media, and regulate the circulating systems of the body, you will provide yourself with that marvellous remedy discovered by Dr. J. Collis Browne (late Army Medical Staff), to which he gave the name of CHLORODYNE, and which is admitted by the Profession to be the most wonderful and valuable remedy ever discovered.
CHLORODYNE is the best remedy known for Coughs, Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma.
Dysentery. CHLORODYNE acts like a charm in Diarrhœa, and is the only specific in Cholera and
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Toothache, Neuralgia, &c. CHLORODYNE is the only palliative in Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Cancer, Meningitis, &c.
From Symes & Co., Pharmaceutical Chemists, Medical Hall, Simla, January 5, 1880, to J. T. Davenport, Esq., 33 Great Russell-street, Bloomsbury, London. "Dear Sir,—We embrace this opportunity of congratulating you upon the widespread reputation this justly esteemed medicine, Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne, has earned for itself not only in Hindostan, but all over the East. As a remedy of general utility, we much question whether a better is imported into the country, and we shall be glad to hear of its finding a place in every Anglo-Indian home. The other brands, we are happy to say, are now relegated to the native bazaars, and judging from their sale, we fancy their sojourn there will be but evanescent. We could multiply instances *ad infinitum* of the extraordinary efficacy of Dr. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne in Diarrhœa and Dysentery, Spasms, Cramps, Neuralgia, the Vomiting of Pregnancy and as a general sedative, that have occurred under our personal observation during many years. In Choleraic Diarrhœa, and even in the more terrible forms of Cholera itself, we have witnessed its surprisingly controlling power. We have never used any other form of this medicine than Collis Browne's from a firm conviction that it is decidedly the best, and also from a sense of duty we owe to the profession and the public, as we are of opinion that the substitution of any other than Collis Browne's is A DELIBERATE BREACH OF FAITH ON THE PART OF THE CHEMIST TO PRESCRIBER AND PATIENT ALIKE. We are, sir, faithfully yours Symes & Co., Members of the Pharm. Society of Great Britain, His Excellency the Viceroy's Chemists."
CAUTION.—Vice-Chancellor Sir W. Page Wood states that Dr. J. Collis Browne was, undoubtedly, the Inventor of Chlorodyne; that the story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, which, he regretted to say, had been sworn to.—See "The Times," July 13 1864.
Sold in bottles at 1s 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 11s. each. None is genuine without the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne" on the Government stamp. Overwhelming medical testimony accompanies each bottle.
CAUTION.—Beware of Piracy and Imitation. Sole Manufacturer—J. T. DAVENPORT, 33, Russell Street Bloomsbury London.

INSURANCES.

COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY.
FIRE LIFE AND MARINE.
CAPITAL—£2,500,000.
FUNDS EXCEED—£1,930,000.

THE above Company INSURES almost every description of FIRE and SEA RISK and accepts LIFE PROPOSALS at advantageous rates on the shortest notice
WALLACE & Co., Agents,
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

GUARANTEES AGAINST EMBEZZLEMENT.

INDIAN GUARANTEE AND SURETYSHIP ASSOCIATION, LIMITED.
HEAD OFFICE: ALBERT BUILDING, BOMBAY.
Funds in Government Securities and remain in India.

THE Association provides security for the Intromissions and Fidelity of Persons in situations of Trust and Responsibility.
For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms apply to
D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F. I. A.,
Secretary.

SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S.
VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5 Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 35 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold, Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness in the yard. Single, Rs. 15; double, Rs. 30. The Horse-shoeing Forge under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier and every class of shoeing done

SWIFT & FARROW,
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.
UNDERTAKE COLLECTIONS OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS,
No. 9, HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

MACLEAN'S
GUIDE TO BOMBAY
AND
BOMBAY DIRECTORY
FOR
1889.
Printed and published at the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

INDIAN PRICE—Rs. 5; with Postage, Rs. 5-4.

THE GUIDE AND DIRECTORY for the year 1889 contains a great deal of new and interesting information connected with the unprecedented progress made by the city in recent years.
While recording the advance that has been made in material prosperity, the Guide gives a comprehensive account of the numerous charities which are maintained by the benevolence of leading citizens of the past and present generations, and accurate and detailed descriptions of the various new public buildings which have been completed during the year.
The Directory has been carefully corrected and revised up to the day of going to Press. Valuable information has been added, and special care has been taken that the local information shall meet the wants of commercial men and the general public.
To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office
Albert Buildings, Esplanade, Fort.

Agents for Maclean's Guide to Bombay.
Messrs. COOPER, MADON AND Co.,
Branch Establishment, East Street, Poona.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CITY LINE OF STEAMERS.

THE favourite Passenger Steamer "CITY of CARTHAGE," 2,650 Tons, Capt. FRAME, will SAIL from BOMBAY for LIVERPOOL on or about the 20th September. This Steamer carries a Surgeon and Stewardess, two Berth Cabins (on deck), Baths, Punkahs, and every comfort for First-Class Passengers. No others carried. Crew entirely European.

SIR CHARLES FORBES & CO.,
Agents.

THE FRAMJEE PETIT SPINNING AND MANUFACTURING CO., LIMITED.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND at the rate of Rs. 25 per share will be paid on and after THURSDAY next, the 5th September, between the hours of 11 a.m. and 3 p.m. to Shareholders whose names will be on the Register on the 2nd proximo.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 2nd to 7th proximo, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,
D. M. PETIT SONS & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 30th August, 1889.

THE MANOCKJEE PETIT MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND at the rate of Rs. 50 (Rupees Fifty) per share (of Rs. 1,000 paid up) will be paid on and after THURSDAY next, the 5th September 1889, to Shareholders whose names will be on the Register on the 31st inst.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 31st inst. to the 11th proximo (both days inclusive).

By order of the Board,
D. M. PETIT, SONS & Co.,
Agents, the Manockjee Petit M. Company.

Bombay, 28th August, 1889.

NOTICE is hereby given that BHASKER JUGGONATHJI PATEL and INDU ATMAJI, of Bombay, Hindoo Inhabitants, have CONTRACTED TO SELL the Land and Premises particularly described in the schedule hereunder written :—All persons having any claims or demands against or to the said hereditaments and premises either by way of inheritance, gift, sale, mortgage, lien, lease, or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the Undersigned at their office, No. 29, Medows Street, Fort, within fourteen days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

The Schedule above referred to :—

All that piece or parcel of Foras land or batty ground consisting of the Kharchars, situate at Worlee, without the Fort, in the City of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 998 square yards or thereabouts, registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 3137, and bounded as follows :—That is to say, on or towards the north by the ground of Dadoba Ramchundra, on or towards the south partly by the ground of Wittoba Harrrischundrajee and partly by the ground of Govind Dadajee, on or towards the east by the ground of Withal Tukaram Waradi, and on or towards the west by an open drain.—Dated this 29th day of August 1889.

NANU & HORMASJEE,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

FLOR DE COROMANDEL.

MR. NEUBERG begs to announce that he has been appointed

SOLE AGENT IN BOMBAY
For the above
CELEBRATED CIGARS.
PRICES.

		Per 100 Rs.	a.
FLOR DE COROMANDEL,	No. 1 ...	4	0
Do.	„ 2 ...	3	12
Do.	„ 3 ...	3	8
Do.	6 inches long...	5	4

Liberal Discount to purchasers of 1,000 and upwards.

J. NEUBERG,
MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

GRAND SQUARE SYMPATHETIC PIANOS,

BY R. LIPP AND SOHN, STUTTGART.

These deservedly popular Instruments have been sent to all parts of India, and have given satisfaction everywhere. In the driest climates, and again in the most humid, they have always exhibited the most uniform and solid staying qualities. They are easy to the Touch, brilliant in Tone, and iron-bound throughout, with perfect Check-Repeating Action, and are *Manufactured especially for India to order.*

Price, Rs. 650.

Tin-lined Packing Case, Rs. 25,

or

on the HIRE-PURCHASE SYSTEM.

Particulars on application.

SOLE AGENT,
J. NEUBERG, BOMBAY.

PREPARING FOR THE PRESS.
THE
FALL OF MANDALAY,
BY
ZITO.

With which is combined a complete and practical Guide to Upper and Lower Burma.

THE Author accompanied the last Expedition under GENERAL SIR HARRY PRENDERGAST in November 1885 and remained in Upper Burma after the Conquest until June 1887.

The work will probably be ready for delivery on an early date, meantime Subscribers may register their names with

Messrs. DIPPIE & Co.
CALCUTTA.

A limited space only will be reserved in the GUIDE for advertisements, for which early application is invited.

In consequence of the difficulty in getting together reliable matter for the Guide portion of the work, and the preparation of numerous illustrations, which must be executed in England, some delay necessarily will arise in delivery. But intending Subscribers should not delay in registering their names at the above address.

DIPPIE & Co.,
AGENTS & CORRESPONDENTS FOR THE AUTHOR.

FANCY STATIONERY.

The Bombay Gazette Office
16, ESPLANADE, ALBERT BUILDINGS.

	Rs.	a.
Canvas Note and Envelopes, A quality ... per packet	1	4
„ „ „ B „ „	1	0
Calico Note and Envelopes ... „	0	12
Brown Holland Note and Envelopes ... „	0	12
Do. do. Grey Calico ... „	1	4
Do. do. Correspondence Cards ...	0	12
Grey Calico Correspondence Cards ...	0	12
Floral Note and Envelopes ... per packet	0	12
Botanic Note and Envelopes ...	0	12
Autumn Leaves ...	0	12
Ivy Correspondence ...	1	8
Swallow ...	1	0
"Just a few Words" Correspondence ...	0	12
Assorted ...	0	12
Primrose, Bouquet ... per packet	0	12
Times Correspondence ... „	0	12
Royal Nursery Correspondence ... „	0	12
4 O'Clock Correspondence ... „	0	12
Cinderella ...	0	12
Canvas Shell ...	0	12
Coin and Frog, assorted ...	0	12
Parcel Post Cabinet ... each	2	4
Revolving Cabinet ... „	5	0
Fascination Cabinet ... „	6	0
Saratoga Cabinet ...	3	0
Three Volume Cabinet ...	4	0
C-24 Cabinet ... each	3	0
British Lion and Note and Envelopes per packet	0	12
Old Saxon Correspondence ... „	0	12
Assorted Superfine and Super Vellum Correspondence ...	0	12
Imperial Linen Bank Note ... per packet	0	12
Athole and Warwick's Note and Envelopes ...	0	12
Extra Fine Vellum Par and Sil Society, assorted	0	12

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows :—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

"CEYLON TEA" as used at the Byculla Club, Bombay Club, Yacht Club, and Poona Club. Sample tins, containing 5lbs, obtainable at the Offices of PHIPSON & Co.

EXTRA FINE ORANGE PEKOE.—The matchless Tea from COL. HAWES' Tea Estate, Rs. 1-10 per lb. Liberal Discount to Messes and Traders, MORTON, MAJU & Co., Church Gate Street, Bombay.

PLATEWARE.—A choice assortment of Plain and Revolving Butters and Cruets, also Mugs, Presentation Cups, &c., from the well-known Firm of Read and Barton, at cheap prices.—SHROFF BROTHERS.

SUPERIOR JAVA CIGARS, Nos. 1, 2, and 3, at Rs. 3, Rs. 2-12, and 2-8 per 100 respectively. These Cigars are expressly prepared for us of the finest selected and well matured Java Tobacco only and all the lovers of Java Cigars should give them a trial.—DANTRA and Co., 33, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

TO LET, immediately available, the building known as the New Ice House, behind Remington Building, opposite H. M.'s Dockyard, also a Godown in front of the latter building. Apply to DOSSABHOY MERWANJEE & Co., No. 6, Parsee Bazar Street.

WANTED an experienced Portuguese BUTLER for up-country in Kathiawar. Apply to Mrs. LANGLEY, Marine Lines.

WANTED an experienced PARSI GRADUATE to give private tuition daily at Malabar Hill either between 7 to 9-30 a.m. or 5-30 to 8 p.m. Apply, stating salary required, to B. D., care of this paper.

EVERY now and then people complain about their Domestic Servants and Office Clerks, &c., so tell them to apply sharp to MORRISON & Co.'s Registry Office, Tamarind Lane.

A LADY, having studied in Paris and London, wishes to give LESSONS in French and Singing. For terms, address BONZOUR, care of this paper.

SINGING AND PIANO taught by a Lady trained under the best French and Italian Masters. For terms, apply to Messrs. SOUNDY and Co., Rampart Row.

THE STANDARD LIFE OFFICE is one of the four British Life Offices which according to the latest returns, have issued OVER ONE MILLION NEW POLICIES during the Past year. Reduced Rates for India.

THE CHURCH of ENGLAND LIFE ASSURANCE INSTITUTION POLICIES.—Absolute Security and low rates of premia. Apply to the Agents, C. H. B. FORBES and Co., Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

KIPPELS, for AFTERNOON TEA, to-day, PEARSE, 7, Church Gate Street.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE to BOMBAY and BOMBAY DIRECTORY for 1889. Cloth bound. Rs. 5, postage, 4 annas.

LANSON'S CUVEE DE RESERVE CHAMPAGNE, in Quarts and Pints.—Apply to LYON & Co., Sole Agents.

PRICE CURRENT.—Published once a week, contains shipping arrivals, departures, exports, imports, and other commercial news. Subscription.—Rs. 10 per year.

VERY ELEGANT—NEW.—The Flexible Silver BRACELET with WATCH, specially adapted for Ladies. Best make, highest finish.—MARCKS and Co., Ld., Bombay and Poona.

GUINNESS' STOUT, bottled by T. P., Griffin & Co., London, as supplied to the P. and O. Steamers. Bombay Agents :—Phipson & Co.

THE only Firm who undertake repairing and Tuning Patent Aristons and keep repairing materials in stock is STEFFENAUER & Co., Fort, Bombay.

PHOTOS by FRED. AHRLE are unequalled in Finish, and are made of the best materials obtainable, and they are reasonably priced. STUDIO, Esplanade Road opposite Bombay Club.

BROWN HIDE COURIER BAGS, lined Red, Room inside Pocket, outside Pocket with Flap, Shoulder Straps and Good Nickel Locks, Rs. 13-8, 14-8, and 15-8.—BADHAM, PILE & Co., Ld., Bombay.

SERIOUS REFLECTIONS and other CONTRIBUTIONS by the late GEORGE ABERIGE MACKAY under the *nom de plume*, OUR POLITICAL ORPHAN. Cloth bound. Rs. 2 : Postage, 4 annas.

A. B. MACKAY'S Liqueur Whiskey and Highland Whiskey, the choicest of their kind, approved by Royalty. Need only a trial to use no other brand. To be had from P. N. KERRAWALLA & Co., Marine Street, Fort, Bombay.

LADIES visiting Bombay will find a Choice Assortment of SILKS, DRAPERY, MILLINERY and every REQUISITE for travelling in INDIA or proceeding home, at Mrs. TAYLOR'S Dressmaking and Millinery Establishment, 25, Medows Street, Bombay.

JUST opened a Fine Selection of Fancy Serge Coating, Fancy Angolas, Black and Brown Felt Hats, Tweed Hats and Caps, &c., prices most moderate.—JOHN MAHOMED & Co., Tailors and General Outfitters, 16, Meadows Street, Bombay.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

CLUB WINES.

PHIPSON & Co., Bombay, are now supplying fifty-nine Military Messes and fourteen Clubs with the finest Vintage WINES from the following well-known Houses :—

PAGE AND SANDEMAN, Pall Mall, London.
JUSTERINI AND BROOKS, Pall Mall, London.
CHRISTOPHER & Co., Pall Mall, London.
POMMERY AND GRENO, Rheims.
LANSON PERE ET FILS, Rheims.
PERRIER JOUET & Co., Epernay.
HEIDSICK & Co., Rheims.
AYALA & Co., Chateau d'Ay.
ERNEST IRROY, Rheims.
RUINART PERE ET FILS, Rheims.
KIDD AND SHADBOLT, London.
LEACOCK & Co., Madeira.
COSSART, GORDON & Co., Madeira.
COCKBURN SMITHES & Co., London.
VAN ZELLERS & Co., Oporto.
P. J. VALCKENBERG, Worms-am-Rhein.
NATHANIEL JOHNSTON & SONS, Bordeaux
A. DE LUZE ET FILS, Bordeaux.
JAMES CATHCART & Co., Leith, N.B.
SIR ROBERT BURNETT & Co., London.
HUNGARIAN GOVT. CELLARS, Budapest.
H. T. CRESWELL & Co., Gibraltar.

Price List on Application
TO
PHIPSON & CO.,
BOMBAY.

GENUINE AND PURE WINES.

Specially selected and shipped by Messrs. BLANDY BROS. & Co., of London.

THE "BLANDY" BRANDS.
DIRECT SUPPLY SYSTEM.

MADEIRAS—From the celebrated "Blandy Stock.' 8 qualities, from Rs. 20 to Rs. 50 per dozen quarts.
PORTS—From Hooper Brothers, Oporto. 4 qualities, from Rs. 18 to Rs. 28 per dozen quarts.
SHERRIES—From Manuel Gaztelu E. Yriarta, Cadiz. 6 qualities, from Rs. 18 to Rs. 27 per dozen quarts.
CHAMPAGNES—From Henriot and Co., Rheims. 4 qualities, from Rs. 42 to Rs. 60 per dozen quarts.
CLARETS—From Le Fils D'A. Leon Aine, Bordeaux. 3 qualities, from Rs. 14 to Rs. 22 per dozen quarts.
HOCKS—From Meyer & Coblenz, Bingin-am-Rhein. 2 qualities (Still), from Rs. 19 to Rs. 22 per doz. qts. 2 „ (Sparkling), from Rs. 37 to Rs. 48 per doz. qts.
WHISKIES, SCO.—From Pattison, Elder and Co., Leith 2 qualities, from Rs. 23-8 to Rs. 26 per doz. qts.
WHISKIES, SCO.—From Ross and Cameron, Inverness. 3 qualities, from Rs. 25 to Rs. 40 per doz. qts.

Detailed List of Prices and Terms from
R. RAMCHANDRA & CO.,
APOLLO HOUSE, FORT, BOMBAY,
Sole Agents for the Presidency.

SCOTCH WHISKIES FOR SALE.

LANGHOLM WHISKY.—A few cases of this excellent Scotch Whisky just landed at Rs. 24 per case.

DEVANHA WHISKY.—A small consignment of this celebrated old Highland Whisky received direct from Messrs. Wm. Black & Co., the distillers, at Rs. 27 per case.

MITCHELL & Co.'s WHISKY.—This well-known Scotch Whisky, just landed, is offered at Rs. 18 per case to ensure speedy sale. Apply to COWASJEE BROTHERS, Apollo Road.

NOTICES.

PRINTING PAPERS Manufactured by Messrs JOHN DICKINSON and Co. London, specially for Indian Markets.

To-day's issue of the *Bombay Gazette* is printed on J. D. & Co.'s LION BRAND ORANGE LABEL, Glazed Quality Printings.

NOTICE

IS hereby given that the WHOLE of the SAPPHIRES in POSSESSION of the STATE will be SHOWN and OFFERED FOR SALE during the third week of December next.

AMAR SINGH, Raja,
Prime Minister, Kashmir State.

CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LONDON, AND CHINA.

THE RATE of INTEREST allowed on deposits fixed for one year is to-day INCREASED from 4½ per cent. per annum to 5 per cent. per annum.

By order of the Court of Directors,
J. C. BERGENDAHL,
Agent.

Bombay, 1st June 1889.

FORTUNA MARINE INSURANCE CO., LD.

FRANKFURT MARINE INSURANCE CO., LD.

WE have been appointed Agents to the above Companies, and are prepared to accept MARINE RISKS on the most favorable terms.

LIDBETTER & YOUNG,
Agents.

WANTED.

A MANAGER for the Central Provinces Swadeshi Spinning, Weaving, and Manufacturing Company, Limited, established at Nagpur.

He must be a first class Civil and Mechanical Engineer and possess experience in Mill building and setting up of Machinery, &c. Salary Rs. 300 per month, rising to Rs. 500. Further particulars on requisition. Apply at once with testimonials to

BAPURAO DADA, Pleader,
Secretary and Manager of the Central Provinces Swadeshi Spinning, Weaving, and Manufacturing Company Limited, Nagpur.

Dated 7th August 1889.

NOTICE.

MRS. PAKENHAM, NEE CLAVIE FRANCOISE LAURENT, wife of the late Consul THOMAS CONOLLY PAKENHAM, is reported to have died at Tamatave on the 10th June last, without issue and without any known relations, leaving some property. Any one claiming relationship to the deceased is requested to report at the Head Police Office, Byculla.

F. J. WISE, Colonel,
Ag. Commissioner of Police.

Police Commissioner's Office, Bombay, 27th August 1889.

INDIAN INDUSTRY,

Being a reprint of two Letters to the *Bombay Gazette* and a Lecture by

F. BEAUCLERK.

Price 8 Annas,

CAN BE HAD AT

THE OFFICE OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."
Messrs. THACKER and Co., Bombay and Poona,
„ COOPER, MADON and Co.,
„ THACKER, SPINK and Co., Calcutta
„ HIGGINBOTHAM and Co., Madras.

THE KHATAU MAKANJEE SPINNING AND WEAVING CO., LD.

FOR SALE—Four GALLOWAY'S PATENT Steel Boilers, 30 ft. by, 7ft., with 33 Patent Horizontal Tubes each, fittings and mountings complete, working at 90lbs. pressure, under certificate from the Government Boiler Inspector, can be seen working at the Company's Mills, Haines Road, Byculla, on application to the Mill Manager.

For terms, apply at the Company's Registered Office, 233, 235, 237, Bazar Gate, Fort.

By order,
KRISHNANATH A. KIRTIKAR,
Secretary.

Bombay, 13th August 1889.

CAST-IRON PIPES, &c.—The Executive Engineer for Irrigation, Poona, INVITES TENDERS for the supply of the following :—

6,972 R. ft. 4" dia. T. B. D. Pipes.
2,268 „ 3" „ „ „
1,560 „ 22" „ „ „

Also a few Tees, Sluice Valves, Valve Boxes, and Hydrants, particulars of which can be obtained on application.

Tenders should state probable date of delivery, the rate per cwt. for Kirkee station delivery, and give the weight per pipe for each size, no excess over which will be paid for.

Tenders will be opened at 4-30 p.m. on the 4th September, and none received after that time will be considered.

The Executive Engineer does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

FOR SALE AT SIMLA.

THE undermentioned FURNISHED BUNGALOWS, the property of the Government of India.

1. KHUD COTTAGE.—Upset price, Rs. 10,000 ; area of Estate, 1 acre 1,216 square yards. Accommodation, 6 main rooms in building and 12 out-houses. Rented for current year for Rs. 1,361 and taxes, but not for next year. Was formerly known as Primrose Hill, and was bought in that name by Government from Mr. G. E. Buckland in 1883. The conveyance is accompanied by a Bond of Indemnity by the vendor, and a similar Bond will be given by Government to the purchaser.

2. MOUNT PLEASANT.—Upset price, Rs. 10,000 ; area of Estate, 2 acres 691 square yards. Accommodation, 4 main rooms in building and 20 out-houses. Rented for current year for Rs. 1,200 and taxes, but not for next year. Was purchased by Government more than 12 years ago and has been possessed by it as owner ever since.

3. ANNANDALE VIEW.—Upset price, Rs. 11,000 ; area of Estate, 2 acres 2,532 square yards. Accommodation 8 main rooms in building and 19 out-houses. Rented for current year for Rs. 1,600 and taxes, but not for next year. Bought by Government on 15th March 1882 from Mr. James Walker, who bought it from Mr. T. W. Knowles on 21st February 1879, who bought it from the Administrator-General of Bengal in September 1872.

4. PARA HALL.—Upset price, Rs. 15,000 ; area of Estate, 1 acre 442 square yards. Accommodation, 12 main rooms in building and 16 out-houses. Rented for current year for Rs. 1,575 and taxes, but not for next year. Bought by Government on 27th July 1883 from certain trustees of Major S. B. Goad, Major S. B. Goad having bought it on 29th May 1863 from the executor of one Charles H. Barrett.

5. SHERFIELD (formerly KILMARNOCK).—Upset price, Rs. 8,000 ; area of Estate, 1,402 square yards. Accommodation, 10 main rooms in building and 11 out-houses. Has not been rented for current or next year. Sold to Government on 10th November 1881 by Mr. E. A. Baldwin, trustee of Mr. William Johnson, and by Messrs. C. W. Johnson and S. Johnson, beneficiaries under the same deed of trust in exercise of a power conferred by that deed. Mr. William Johnson bought the estate from Mr. G. E. Campbell on 8th October 1869, who had bought it on 8th October 1868 from the Executrix of Mr. H. T. Tapp of Simla.

6. MILSINGTON.—Upset price, Rs. 15,500 ; area of Estate, 4 acres 27 square yards. Accommodation, 8 main rooms and 19 out houses. Rented for current year for Rs. 1,600 and taxes, but not for next year. This property vested in Government by escheat.

Fuller abstracts of title relating to the above properties can be seen, together with the title-deeds in original, by any person on application to the Executive Engineer, Provincial Division, Simla, at "Battsby," Simla, between the hours of noon and 2 p.m.

In each case the vendor will guarantee a clear title free of all encumbrances, and in any case where it may be desired a Bond of Indemnity guaranteeing this will be given in addition to the usual conveyance.

Plans of the Estates as offered for sale have been prepared, and, where necessary, boundary pillars conformable thereto have been erected.

SEALED TENDERS for the purchase of any of the above properties will be received by the Executive Engineer, Simla, Provincial Division, up to noon on the 30th September 1889, when the tenders will be opened in the presence of any intending purchasers or their agents, who may wish to attend. The Government does not bind itself to accept the highest or any tender. Previous advertisements are hereby cancelled.

REGENT PARK CANINE SURGERY.

Patronised by Royalty, June 18, 1879.

Oct. 25, 1879, His Highness the Khan of Kelat.

MR. SPENCE, for convenience of residents in India, to avoid delay in answering letters quotes the following prices :—

BLOODHOUNDS	£25 each.
DEERHOUNDS	£20 „
MASTIFFS	£20 „
BOARHOUNDS	£20 „
BULL DOGS	£20 „
BULL TERRIERS	£10 „
FOX TERRIERS	£10 „
IRISH TERRIERS	£10 „
WELL-BROKEN POINTERS, SETTERS, AND RETRIEVERS	£20 „
WELL-BROKEN SPANIELS	£10 „

Apply
MR. CHAS. BELL SPENCE, M.R.C.V.S.,
35, Lanark Villas, Maida Vale, London.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA

BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately-flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us, ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—See article of the *Civil Service Gazette.*

Made simply with boiling water or milk.
Sold in lb. and pound tins, labels thus :—

JAMES EPPS & CO.,
HOMŒOPATHIC CHEMISTS,
LONDON.

ALSO MAKER OF EPPS'S CHOCOLATE ESSENCE.

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BOMBAY AND POONA.

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In this form it is powerfully remedial, effecting cures in apparently hopeless cases, after all other medicines had failed, particularly in LOSS OF NERVE POWER, as manifested by INCAPACITY FOR WORK, WANT OF ENERGY, LOWNESS OF SPIRITS, NEURALGIA, MENTAL DEPRESSION, MELANCHOLIA, FEEBLE DIGESTION AND CIRCULATION, COLD EXTREMITIES, WEAK HEART, LOSS OF PHYSICAL VIGOUR, and NERVOUS DEBILITY. For these and all other conditions indicating defective nutrition or exhaustion of the nervous centres, whether arising from overwork, the effect of climate or excess. Medical authorities all agree that PHOSPHORUS is the most effectual remedy.

The following preparations, of which we are the ORIGINAL Makers, are thoroughly reliable. They may be obtained from our appointed Agents (see below), in Bottles, 2s., 5s. and 10s. each (English money), the 10s. Bottle containing sufficient for a course of three weeks. Two 10s. Bottles may be obtained direct from the makers' laboratory, carriage paid to any post town in India or Australia, by remitting Post Office Order for 21s.

SIMPLE PHOSPHORUS PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY's Formula, No. 5), containing 1-25th gr. Phosphorus.
Dr. KIRBY says: "Experience fully warrants the administration of Phosphorus in this dose" in severe attacks of Neuralgia and cases of extreme Nervous Exhaustion; it gives excellent results, taken with food three or four times a day.

PHOSPHORUS AND QUININE PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY's Formula, No. 3), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus.
This is a valuable combination of two powerful restoratives. As a *nutrient tonic* it gives power to the brain and spinal cord, imparts tone to the digestive organs, increases functional activity and improves the condition of the whole system. It is largely employed in India during convalescent stages of intermittent and remittent fevers. It is an excellent remedy for *Malaise* induced by the climate, and is a good prophylactic against *Malaria.*

PHOSPHORUS AND IRON PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY's Formula, No. 7), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus.
This is given with great advantage in *Anæmia, Sciatica,* and other Neuralgic affections, also in the treatment of convalescence from fever and other debilitating diseases. It is an excellent chemical food for anæmic children, and a good adjuvant to a course of cod liver oil.

PHOSPHORUS AND NUX VOMICA PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY's Formula No. 6), containing 1-33rd gr. Phosphorus.
This combination is useful in all the cases named above, but especially in cases of feeble digestion and *loss of power,* following excesses. Taken regularly with food for a few weeks it has a powerfully renovating effect on broken-down constitutions.

PHOSPHORUS, QUININE AND NUX VOMICA PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY's Formula, No. 4), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus.
The use of this combination will be gathered from what has been said of the previous Formulæ, Nos. 3 and 6.
For a similar combination with Iron, see No. 9.

COMPOUND PHOSPHORUS PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY's Formula, No. 9), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus, with Iron, Quinine and Strychnia.
This combination of nerve tonics has a very large application. It is efficacious in all disorders which are characterised by impoverished blood and diminished nerve power, especially in that low condition of the general health which is induced by overwork, dissipation, and excesses of various kinds. In this state iron and phosphorus is strongly indicated. In Constitutional Syphilis it has a high remedial power, by improving the condition of the blood and by stimulating its regenerative power. It is exceedingly energising and strength-giving. As a tonic for convalescents recovering from fever and other exhausting diseases it is unequalled.

STRONG PHOSPHORUS, IRON, QUININE AND NUX VOMICA PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY's Formula, No. 17), containing 1-25th gr. Phosphorus.
This is double the strength of No. 9 as regards Phosphorus and Quinine, and therefore should be prescribed *only* in cases where the larger dose of Phosphorus is needed.

PHOSPHORUS, CANTHARIDES & NUX VOMICA PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY's Formula, No. 20), containing 1-33rd gr. Phosphorus.
This pill produces no irritation of the gastro-intestinal mucous membrane, but operates as a gentle stimulant to the genito-urinal organs. It is especially useful in premature failure of power, induced by passive discharges due to debility. It is useful during the *stimulating convalescence* in obstinate cases of *Amenorrhœa, Leucorrhœa,* and *Atony of the Uterus.*
Formula No. 30 contains Iron, and as a tonic is most suitable for *feeble, anæmic* females.

For fuller particulars of other Combinations, Medical Men are invited to apply to the Agents for descriptive pamphlet, supplied free of charge.

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Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	All	13 pct.	935
Bank of Bengal	42,000	500	All	10 do.	1,005xd
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	All	14 do.	940
EXCHANGE BANKS.		£	£		
Agra Bank	10,000	100	All	6 do.	122
Hong. and Shanghai	60,000	3,125	...	17½ do.	419
National Bank	37,330	250	125	5 do.	165

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Bombay Fire	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 100	535xd
Empire Fire	..	5,000	1,000	Rs. 75	800
Indian Fire	110	4,000	1,000	Rs. 90	1,000
Prince of Wales.....	250	8,000	1,000	Rs. 100	1,000

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G. I. P. R. 5 per cent.	...	£10	All	at 5 p.c	2,550
B. B. & C. I. R. Guaranteed 5 per cent...	...	£ 18	...	at 5 p.c	520

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton	200	1,250	1,250	Rs. 75	1,200
Albert Ginning Co.....	100	500	500	Rs. 20	450
Albert Press Co., Kurrachee	100	1,100	1,100	Rs. 100	745
Apollo Press Co. (small shares)	750	400	400	Rs. 20	265
Bellary	620	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	300
Breul's Cawnpore P.	0	20	20	Rs. 16	105
Bombay Cotton Press.	100	2	125	Rs. 20	145
Colaba Press Co.	0	1,880	1,880	Rs. 265	415
East India Press Co...	0	1,000	1,000	Rs. 130	1,100
English Press & Mfg.	400	250	...		240
Fort Press Co.....	150	8,500	8,500	Rs. 0	1,500
French Press Co.	300	500	500	Rs. 80	505xd
Harvey & Sabapathy	450	500	500	Rs. 25	445
Khangaum Cotton Press Co	240	450	All	Rs. 45	410
Manmar Manfg. Co....	1,000	250	250	Rs. 0	245
Mercantile Press	1,500	125	125	Rs. 0	55
Mofussil Co	3,125	400	400	Rs. 0	450
New Berar Cotton Ginning & Press Co.	1,350	500	500	Rs. 0	560
New Indian Press	4,000	125	125	Rs. 10	87½
Prince of W. Press	600	600	100	Rs. 30	395
Sabapathy Press Co. Ld., (Bellary.).....	500	500	500	Rs. 50	500
Sind Press Co...	400	2,000	750	Rs. 50	475
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co.....	100	1,300	1,000	Rs. 120	1,150
Sassoon Press Co.....	300	500	50	Rs. 25	515
Volkart Press.....	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	995
Khamgaum Manfg. Co	400		250		250nl.

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad S. & W.	1,308	1,000	1,000		1300
Albert Edward Mills		0	500	R	400
Anglo-Indian Spinning & Mfg. Co., Ld.	9,345	100	100	Rs. 3	91
Alfred Mfg. Co., Ld...	1,000	500	500	...	300
Ahmedabad Ginning	700	1,000	1,000	..	..
Ahmedabad Mfg. & Calico Printing Co.	4,800	125	125	...	..
Ambica S. & M. Co..	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	..
Alliance Cotton Mfg.	1,800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	575
Bellary S. & W. Mill	871	500	500	Rs. 22	570
Bombay Cotton Mfg.	600	500	500	Rs. 25	430
Bombay United S. & W. Co.....	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 2	740
Berar Manufacturing Co., Ld.	2,750	20	20	Rs. 0	140
Central India S. & W. & Mfg. Co., Ld....	4,500	500	500	Rs. 50	1,150
Cityof Bombay Mfg.Ld	7,500	1,000	1,000	Rs. 0	1,010
Colaba Land & Mill Ld	4,000	750	750	Rs 25	710
Connaught Mills Ld..	840	0	500	Rs. 1	645xd.
Coorla S. & W. Ld. ...	1,300	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	475
David Mills Co., Ld...	1,600	750	1,000	Rs. 25	520
Dhun Mills, Ld.	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,025
Empress S. & W. Co.	1,415½	500	500	Rs. 75	660xd.
Framjee Petit S. and Mfg. Co., Ld.	950	100	1,000	Rs. 30	560
Gordon S. & Mfg. Co.	700	150	150	Rs. 20	130
Gusarat Ginning & Mfg. Co., Limite ..		1,000	1,000	..	...
Gusarat S. & W. Co..	420	1,000	1,000	...	83
Hindustan S. & W. Mills Co., Ld.....	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 35	800
Howard & Bullough Mills Co., Ld.....	1,500	500	500	...	650xd.
Hingunghat Mill Co.,	700	575	500	Rs. 37	725
Hyderabad Deccan S.	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 3	730
Indian Mfg. Co., Ld...	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,010
Imperial Cotton Mills	1,360	500	500	Rs. 2	530xd.
Jamshed Mfg. Co.,	1,600	25	25	Rs. 1	665xd
James Greaves Mill	1,350	50	50	Rs. 2	665xd
Jaffer Ali S. & W. Co., Ld., Original.. Increased ...	600 1,453	50 25	50 25	Rs. 1	100
Jubilee Mfg. Co Ld....		900	1,000	..	775
Jewraj Balloo S. & W.	1,100	1,000	1,000	Rs. 45	985
Khandesh S. & W.	750	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	615
Khattow Makanjee S.	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	390
Lukhmidas Khimjee	1,000	0	1,000	Rs. 20	982½
Leopold S. Bleaching	3,500	0	100	Rs. 5	149xd.
Madras United S.	5004		1,000	Rs. 100	2,027
Mahaluxmi S. & W.	650	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	500
Maharaja Mills Co.	4,500	100	100	Rs. 7	105
Mazagon S. & Mfg.	5,000	250	250	Rs. 5	120
Morarjee Goculdas S.	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 75	1,665
Maneckjee Petit Mfg.	4,050	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,220
Naigaum Cotton Cleaning and Mfg.	1,300	1	100		10
New Great Eastern	1,500	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	635
National S. & W. Co	600	1,000	1,000	..	290
Oriental S. & W. Co.,	5,720		625	Rs. 10	397½
People of India S. ..	1,000	50	250	Rs. 4	65
Presidency Mills Co..	743	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	1,095
Prince of Wales S. ..	2,189		125	...	30
Queen S. & W. Co..	799	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	872½xd.
Ripon Mfg. Co., Ld ..	941	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	1,225
asson S.& W.Co.,Ld.	1,500	1,000	1,000	25	1,090
Sassoon and Alliance Silk Mill Co., Ld. ..	1,710	500	500	...	450
Sholapore S.& W Co .		10	1,000	Rs. 60	1,350
Soonderdas S. & W	650	1,000	1,000	Rs. 35	410
Southern Mahratta S. & W. Co., Ld.	2,400	250	252	Rs. 15	287½
Swadeshi MillsCo,Ld	4,000	500	500	..	385
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	..	8-5
Victoria Mfg.Co,Ld..	600	0	1,000	Rs. 25	350
Veeramgaum S.& Mfg	800	500	500	..	..
Western India S. ..	1,200	1,000		Rs. 25	540

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock Ashdown	1,000 750	200 150	200 150	10 p.ct	200 142
Badham Pile & Co.,Ld.	4,000	100	100	Rs. 16	160
Bapty Co., Ld.'.....	625		135	Nil	60
Bombay Land & Building Co., Ld.....		00	0	6 p.c.	600
BombayFlour Mill Co.	750	500	500	10 p.c.	615
Bombay Ice Co., Ld...	1,250	100	100	Rs. 5	79
Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation.	1,000	2,500	165	Rs.	3,550
Do. (3rd Issue) ...	2,000	62	375	Rs.	875
Municipal Bonds	....	....	...	p.c.	107½
Clydesdale Dyeing Co.	1,000	500			225
Cooper, Madon Ld ...	3,000	100	100	Rs	11
Deccan Paper Mills ...	1,000	500	500	Nil	470
Delhi and Northern India Flour	1,500	200	200	...	155
Geyer & Co., Ld.	500	100	40	...	40
Indian Guaranteed Suretyship As.....	5,000	100	10	10 p.c.	11
Kaiser-i-Hind Gold Mining Co., Limited	42,000	25	25	...	5
Kurrachee Lighterage	500	256	250	...	75
Kemp & Co., Ld.....	4,000	200	175	Rs. 26	390
Marcks & Co., Ld.....	4,000	00	100	Rs. 10	83xd
Napier Hotel Co.....	300	100	100	13 p.c.	130
Napier Foundry	1,500	100	100	...	100
Oriental Government Security Life As.	5,000	200	50	10 p.c.	210
Oriental Loan Asso.	5,000	20	20	8 p.a.	20
Port Canning Co.	6,000	000	1000	Rs. 19	370xd.
Royal Flour Mills	2,000	100	100	Nil	58
Phillips & Co., Ld.....	4,000	100	100	Rs.	100
Soundy & Co., Ld.....	1,000	100	...	9 p.c.	90
Southwell and Austin.	1,000	...	...		99
Telephone Co., Ld....	19,000	25	500	Rs. 5-8	10½
Treacher & Co., Ld....	1,305	500	100	Rs. 85	1,240
Thacker & Co., Ld....	1,500	100		Rs. 10	135
Western India Flour M. M. Mcdy & Co.....	000	1	125	Nil.	35 18

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

Sovereigns, each	Rs. 14-15-6
Carolus	,, 218
Mexican Dollars	,, 224
Five-Franc Pieces	,, 289
Bar Silver, 17½ be terness	,, 106-7
Gold Leaf	,, 23-8
Bar Gold, 10 oz. English, 100 touch	,, 23-11-6
Australian Gold, 100 touch	,, 23-11-6
Bombay Bar Gold, 100 touch	,, 23-11-0
Pekin	,, 23-3-0

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, &c.

Four per cent	99 5-16
Four-and-a-half per cent.....	103¼
Municipal 5 per cent. Debenture Loans	106
Six per cent. Municipal Loan House Rate.....	..
New French Loan 5 pr. ct. 1872.....	..
City of Paris Loan	232
Port Trust Bonds.....	96¼

EXCHANGE.

	Terms.	Rate
London Banks.....	On demand	ls. 4 3-16d.
Do. do.	Telegraphic	ls. 4 5-32d.
Do. do.	3 Months sight.	ls. 4½d.
Do. do.	4 Do do....	ls. 4 9-32d.
Do. do.	6 Do. do....	ls. 4 11-32d.
Do. Credit	3 Do do....	ls. 4 11-32d.
Do. do.	6 Do do....	ls. 4 15-32d.
Do. Documents.	3 Do do...	ls. 4¾d.
Do. do.	6 Do do...	ls. 4¾d.
France.....	3 Do do....	1-72
Do.	6 Do. do...	1-73½
Calcutta	At sight	100 1-16
Do.	60 days do...	99½
Madras	At sight.....	100 1-16
Do.	30 days' do...	99-8
China	60 Do. do...	221½

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.

BOMBAY, 28th August, 1889.

Means of observations at 8 *a.m.*, 10 *a.m.*, 2 *p.m.*, 4 *p.m.*, *and* 10 *p.m.*

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	29·720
Temperature of the Air	81·9
Wet Bulb Thermometer	78·0
Dew Point	76·7
Relative humidity of Air	·844
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded=10).	8·0
Maximum temperature of air (read at 8 a. m., next day).....	83·9
Minimum do. do (read at 8 a.m.)	77·2
General Directions of Wind.*..W. WSW, W, WNW, W.	
Movement of wind in 24 hours*	·316
Fall of Rain.....	0·10
Total fall during month	10·05
,, year	61·06
Additional fal of rain up to 10 a.m. of 29th August	0·07

*From midnight to midnight.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Cricket, Gymkhana vs. G. I. P.

VESSEL SAILED.—The ship Sir Lancelot sailed yesterday for Calcutta.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The steamer Kangra left the dock yesterday.

G. I. P. RAILWAY VOLUNTEERS.—The Band of the G. I. P. Railway Volunteers will play a selection of music at the cricket match on the Esplanade between the Railway Offices and the Gymkhana at 4 p.m.

A MISSING BOY.—Currumsey Nensey, residing at Matharpacady, reports that his brother, named Luckumsey, aged ten years, has been missing from his house since Wednesday.

LOST DOCUMENTS.—Amroodeen Fakroodeen, Sub-Inspector in the Health Department of the Municipality, reports that he dropped a bundle of documents somewhere about Gunpowder Road, Mazagon, on Wednesday.

THEFT OF A WATCH.—Mr. T. Co ulson, a clerk in the Indian Marine, reports the theft of a silver watch, valued at Rs. 15, from his room on Wednesday. A discharged Madrasee servant is suspected of having committed the theft and is being sought for.

A WIFE ABSCONDED.—Shaik Mahomed Shaik Jungoo, a havaldar in the Marine Battalion, reports that while he was on guard on the 27th instant, his wife, aged 19 years, absconded, it is believed, to Poona, taking with her ornaments of the collective value of Rs. 118.

BURGLARY AT GUNESWADY.—Valjee Jewraz, a shopkeeper residing on the first floor of a house at Guneswady, reports that while he was at the Walkeshwar fair on Monday last his room was broken into and a box and cupboard were forced open and property consisting of gold embroidered caps, pearls, currency notes and cash, of the collective value of Rs. 172, stolen.

A DISHONEST SERVANT.—Yesterday at the Girgaum Police Court Dhunjee Visram, a scortee hamal in the employ of Mr. J. B. Lothell, Port Surveyor, residing on the Victoria Cross Road, Byculla, was charged by Inspector Nolan with stealing a currency note for Rs. 10, the property of his master, on Tuesday last. The accused, on pleading guilty to the charge, was convicted and sentenced to six weeks' rigorous imprisonment.

A GHARRYWALLA MISSING.—The fireman MacIntyre, who was charged with being drunk and disorderly by Constable Butterfoy on Tuesday, was again placed before Mr. Hamilton yesterday. It will be remembered that the accused drove a victoria from Colaba to the Picket Police Station, and the gharrywalla had not come forward. It now turns out that the gharrywalla himself was charged with being drunk on Tuesday. The Magistrate fined MacIntyre Rs. 2.

AN ILLUSED MAN.—A Mahomedan named Ibrahim Moobarak was placed before Mr. Cooper at the Esplanade Police Court yesterday on a charge of being drunk and incapable of taking care of himself on the night previous. The accused pleaded guilty and said that a black-hearted friend of his had come to him and asked him to drink. To oblige this man he had done so, the consequence being that he was found in a gutter by a policeman. The Magistrate failed to see that he was a martyr, and sentenced him to a day's imprisonment.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—An inquest was held by the Coroner yesterday at Mungulwady respecting the death of Baloo Mahadoo. Deceased was a labourer and an old man employed in collecting cocoanuts that were cut and thrown down at a cocoanut cart in Gaumdevy on Tuesday last, when one of the cocoanuts struck him on the head and he was rendered unconscious and was bleeding from his mouth. He remained unconscious up to the time of his death, which took place at 6 o'clock yesterday morning. A verdict of accidental death was recorded.

FIRE AT PIQUET ROAD.—A fire broke out yesterday morning at 5 o'clock on the loft of a buffalo shed in Piquet Road amongst some dry grass stacked there belonging to Kessowrao Khooshaba Achary. On the alarm being raised, the townspeople, assisted by the police, got the fire extinguished before it had time to spread to an adjoining house, but not before damages to the extent of Rs. 400 was caused. The origin of the fire is attributed to careless biddee smoking.

FURIOUS DRIVING.—At the Girgaum Police Court yesterday Mukun Morar, a groom in the service of Issac Ali Imaum Ali, was charged by Constable Good before Mr. P. Ryan with driving his dog-cart on the Chowpatty Road on Monday last in a rash and negligent manner without taking due precaution for he safety of others. The accused was driving his vehicle at a furious pace,and besides that on the wrong side of the road, whereupon his dog-cart came in collision with a carriage driven by two ladies, upsetting the vehicle and causing injury to one of the ladies. Mukun Morar was convicted and fined Rs. 20.

AN APPLICATION REFUSED.—Under the above heading a paragraph appeared in yesterday's issue, stating that a Parsee named Pherozshah Muncherjee Dadyshett appeared before Mr. Cooper and asked that Hormusjee Muncherjee Mody and two other Parsees be bound over to keep the peace for a year. Hormusjee, who is his nephew, thinks himself entitled to some of the property, and there has been some ill-feeling between the parties. Mr. Pherozshah writes us regarding this paragraph saying, "It appears in your to-day's police report that the accused Hormusjee Manockjee Mody (manager, Pallonjee's Apollo Hotel) is my nephew. This is incorrect." Then he goes into an explanation as to whose nephew Hormusjee is.

DEFRAUDING THE RAILWAY.—Amrath Lalgir, an old woman, was charged by the B. B. and C. I. Railway Police with defrauding that railway company by travelling to Bombay with a ticket for Bulsar. The accused pleaded guilty to the charge and said that the ticket had been purchased for her by a charitable person at Surat. She had told this person to get her a ticket to either Bombay on Bulsar and she had come on here. The Magistrate fined her Rs. 2-1, the difference in fare between Bulsar and Bombay, the fine, if recovered, to be made over to the railway company. —Dalal Ali Mahomed Cadurbhoy was fined Rs. 100 by Mr. Hamilton yesterday for making false declarations in respect of certain goods on two occasions at the B. B. and C. I. Railway Terminus for transmission to Delhi and Muttra cantonment.

THE WESTERN INDIA FLOUR MILLS.—A private meeting of the shareholders of the Western India Flour Mills, Limited, in liquidation, was held on Wednesday at Mr. Bomonjee Dinshawjee Petit's house in the Fort for the purpose of considering what steps should be taken in respect to the present position of the company. After some discussion, it was resolved that each shareholder be requested to contribute one rupee per share on the shares held by him towards defraying the expenses necessary in petitioning the High Court for the removal of the present liquidator and the appointment of another. Messrs. E. R. Freeborn and Tribhowandass Virjee were authorized to receive contributions, and to engage solicitors to carry out the wishes of the shareholders. A sum of Rs. 500, representing 500 shares, was subscribed on the spot; after which the meeting separated.

A BARODA THIEF ARRESTED IN BOMBAY.—On Wednesday evening two Hindoos, named Jaitha Goolab and Gopal Lulloo, were arrested by the Bombay Police on receiving certain information regarding these two men with having in their possession a quantity of gold ornaments, &c. They made several vague statements regarding this property. Subsequently the complainant, Wassudew Cassinath, was found, he having been in Bombay for the last three days with a Baroda State policeman looking for the first accused, who had committed the theft of this property at Kisnagur, Kurri, in the Baroda State. The second accused, it appears, made the acquaintance of the first accused in Bombay, and helped him to dispose of some of the stolen property. Jaitha Goolab and Gopal Lulloo were yesterday charged before Mr. P. Rayn with committing theft of the said property. The accused were remanded to jail, pending instructions from the Baroda State authorities regarding the matter.

PRESENTATION.—On Tuesday there met at the Library of the Mechanics' Institute at Byculla a few subscribers for the purpose of presenting Mr. Charles Seymour with a testimonial on the occasion of his transfer to Budneira on promotion. Mr. Seymour was an assistant to the Locomotive Foreman at Byculla, and has now been promoted as Locomotive Foreman at Budneira. The token, a gold watch-guard, valued at Rs. 200, was presented by Mr. D. Polson, who, in a neat speech, eulogised the services rendered by Mr. Seymour during the short time he was at Byculla. Mr. Seymour in reply thanked the subscribers for their kindness, saying that it would always remind him of the few friends he had made at Byculla. Among those present were Messrs. Langford (the foreman), Polson, Hasset, Bowler, Greene, Runcorn, Charles Rogers, and also a few of those who are at present engaging the papers on the Ommanney Note. After the usual toasts the meeting dispersed and Mr. Seymour left by mail for Budneira.

KILLED BY A TRAM-CAR.—An inquest was held by the Coroner yesterday at the Morgue respecting the death of a Hindoo who was killed by a tram-car knocking him down and running over him on Wednesday last between the Carnac Bridge and the Crawford Market. Some people who were in the car stated that the car was suddenly stopped by a violent jerking and derailed. On looking to ascertain the cause the deceased was found lying on his back near the left rail. He was dead, and his body was bruised. The deceased appeared to be knocked down half-way between the foot of the Carnac Bridge and the Crawford Market. The car had a light in front and another at the back, which appeared to be burning well. The car was going at the ordinary pace, and there was no great traffic either of carriages or people in the street at the time. The jury returned the following verdict unanimously, that the death of the Hindoo was caused by injuries received by his having been run over by a tram-car, but under what circumstances he was run over there was no evidence to say.

A STUPID MISTAKE.—On the 3rd August last a merchant named Nursee Katao made a complaint to the police to the effect that he had lost two cart-loads of grain, valued at Rs. 225. Enquiries were made, but no trace of the missing property was found till the 20th August, when a young cart-driver named Arjoon Mahadoo was brought before Inspector Dillon. He then stated that on the 1st of August he went with a cart-load of goods from Nursee's place to the dock, having been furnished with a cart chit by one of the complaimant's clerks. On the way to the docks he lost the chit, and on returning the clerk gave him another one, without asking any questions. He was again proceeding towards the dock when he lost the second chit, and on again going back was supplied with a third one, which he delivered up at the docks. When the clerk came to total up his chit he found that two more had been given than had been received back, and he made a complaint that the two loads were missing. Inspector Dillon having informed the Magistrate of these circumstances his worship struck out the case as one of a mistake of facts.

THE ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE ROBBERY.—Yesterday at the Esplanade Police Court, Sittaram Annajee, a peon in the service of Messrs. Ritchie, Stewart and Company, was brought up on remand and charged by Superintendent McDermott before Mr. Hamilton, with committing criminal breach of trust as a servant in respect of currency notes, of the collective value of Rs. 4,100, and Govind Tannoo, a naik in the service of the Mercantile Bank, with cheating in respect of the above sum entrusted to the first accused for the purpose of being paid into the Bank. On the case being called on, Mr. McDermott informed his Worship that he had no further evidence to offer for the prosecutor, owing to his not having been able to arrest the other two men, believed to be implicated in the offence. The Magistrate, after taking the statements of the two accused, convicted the first accused Sittaram and sentenced him to two years' rigorous imprisonment, and further ordered him to pay a fine of Rs. 1,000. The second accused, Govind Tannoo, was discharged, his Worship holding that the only evidence against him being the unsubstantiated statement of Sittaram.

A CHARGE OF CHEATING.—Yesterday at the Girgaum Police Court Luximon Gunnoo, against whom there appeared a register of seven previous convictions, was brought up on remand and charged by Inspector Holdway before Mr. P. Ryan with abetment in the commission of the offence of cheating in respect of a gold ear-ring, of the value of Rs. 10, the property of a woman named Bhima. She said she was a widow and lived at Byculla. She knew the accused by sight. About a month ago he met her on the DeLisle Road about 8 a.m., while she was on her way to her work. Accused dropped a bracelet, which was picked up by a Mahar. She parted with her gold ear-rings in exchange for the bracelet, which she subsequently found was made of brass. Hunsraj Purna, a grocery shopkeeper at Cammateepoora, said he was a lender of money. The ear-rings were pledged with him by the accused on the 27th July last. He advanced Rs. 6 on the ear-rings. Four or five days later the police brought the accused to his shop, and he, the witness, gave the ear-rings up to the police. The last witness identified them as her property. The accused came alone to his shop to pledge the ear rings. He produced the entry in his ledger relating to the transaction, dated 27th July last. The accused pleaded guilty to the charge and also admitted his several previous convictions. The Magistrate thereupon convicted the accused and sentenced him to two years' rigorous imprisonment.

DEFALCATIONS IN FUND ACCOUNTS, SHOLAPUR.—The *Deccan Herald* has the following:—"We understand that some defalcations have been discovered in the Local Fund accounts at Sholapur. The Local Fund Clerk, Narayan Ramchandra Joshi, has been arrested in connection with the fraud and released on bail of five hundred rupees and recognizance in a similar sum. The proprietor of the Sholapur *Samachar* newspaper has also been arrested in connection with the case and subsequently released on the same securities as those of the clerk. Both these persons have been charged with cheating under sections 417 and 420 of the Indian Penal Code before Mr. Divatia, first-class Magistrate, and proceedings have already commenced Mr. R. E. Candy, District Magistrate of Sholapur, wil prosecute the case."

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVAL.—AUGUST 29.

Ducat, Lieut, Bo, Poona Horse, on leave, from Sirur.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORP.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS

By Lieut-Col the Hon L H Bayley, Commandant,

Bo Vol R Corps.

Bombay, 30th August, 1889.

1. The Southern India Rifle Association Volunteer contest will be fired at Colaba on Saturday, the 31st inst., at 3 o'clock sharp. Distances 500 and 600 yards. 7 shots at each distance. Entries unlimited. One Rupee each entry. Each sighting shot two annas. Competitors to provide their own ammunition.

2. By kind permission of Colonel Collingwood, Commanding 2nd Gloster Regiment, the Colaba Range will be available for practice this day after 2 p.m.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

The following order is notified:—

3. There will be drill at the Riding School for all members on Saturday, 31st inst., at 7 a.m. Recruits are specially requested to attend. Plain clothes.

By Order,

(Sd.) R. A. WILLIS, Captain, and Acting Adjutant, B. V R. Corps.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(*Bombay Government Gazette*, Aug. 29.)

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

The 4th, 23rd and 25th Regiments of Bombay Infantry being linked Battalions are, with the sanction of the Government of India, formed into Rifles, and will be styled as under:—

4th Regiment (Rifles).
(1st Battalion The Bombay Rifle Regiment).
23rd Reziment (Light Infantry).
(2nd Battalion The Bombay Rifle Regiment).
25th Regiment (Light Infantry).
(3rd Battalion The Bombay Rifle Regiment).

The undermentioned officers having completed twenty years' service, six of which have been in the Staff Corps, to be Majors from the date specified, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Staff Corps.—Captain Hugh Claude Edward Lucas, —21st August 1889. Captain Edward Chamier Kellie, —21st August 1889.

The undermentioned officer having completed eleven years' service, four of which have been in the Staff Corps, to be Captain from the date specified, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Staff Corps.—Lieutenant George Willoughby Smith Fryer,—21st August 1889.

Bombay Volunteer Rifle Corps.—The following appointment is made:—

To be Honorary Surgeon.—Mr William McEvoy, LRCS, LRCP, LME.

The following Native promotions are made, with effect from the dates specified:—

1st Lancers.

Resaldar Daulat Singh to be Resaldar-Major; Ressaidar Barma Tiwari to be Resaldar; Jamadar Natha Singh to be Ressaidar; and Quarter Master Defedar Abdullah Khan to be Jamadar, vice Resaldar-Major Raoji-rao-Sawant appointed Native Aide-de-Camp to His Royal Highness the Commander-in-Chief. Dated 19th June 1889.

Jamadar Jehangir Khan to be Ressaidar and Kote Dafedar Mohan Singh to be Jamadar (provisionally) vice Ressaidar Barma Singh, pensioned. Dated 13th July 1889.

The following Native promotion is made, with effect from the 10th July 1889:—

Sappers and Miners.

Color Havaldar Krishnaji Gaekwar to be Jamadar (provisionally) vice Shiu, pensioned.

In G G O No 378, dated 31st July 1889, for "Commander-Commandant" read "Commander."

Lieutenant E L C Berger, Royal Marine Light Infantry, Probationer for the Bombay Staff Corps, is permitted to proceed to England on medical certificate under paragraph 98, Army Regulations, India, Volume II. Pension service third year, commenced 18th December 1888.

Bombay Volunteer Artillery.—The following appointment is made:—

To be Second Lieutenant.

Louis Penny, Gent.

The undermentioned officer has been permitted by the Secretary of State for India to return to duty:—

Colonel R Westmacott, Staff Corps.

The undermentioned officers have been granted by the Secretary of State for India extensions of leave for the periods specified:—

Lieutenant C A Kemball, Staff Corps, two months, medical certificate.

Captain S M Congreve Schneider, Staff Corps, two months, medical certificate.

The undermentioned officer has been allowed by the Secretary of State for India to retire from the Service, with effect from the date specified, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

Lieutenant-Colonel W F Hume, Infantry, —24th August 1889.

The undermentioned officers have been permitted by the Secretary of State for India to return to duty:—

Lieutenant L M Foster, Staff Corps.

Lieutenant G H Turner, Staff Corps.

The undermentioned officers and Warrant officer have been granted by the Secretary of State for India extentions of leave for the periods specified:—

Major J W Anderson, Staff Corps, six months, medical certificate.

Lieutenant G H Turner, Staff Corps, seven days, urgent private affairs.

Sub-Conductor W Wickham, Ordnance Department, six months, medical certificate.

Colonel J S D Bolton, Staff Corps, has been permitted by the Secretary of State for India to reside out of India on attaining Colonel's allowances.

The following appointment is made on the Personal Staff of His Excellency the Governor, with effect from the 2nd September 1889:—

Captain A W Forbes, 4th Bombay Cavalry, to be Aide-de-Camp vice Captain B M Hamilton, East Yorkshire Regiment.

The undermentioned officer is admitted to the Bombay Staff Corps, with effect from the date specified, subject to the confirmation of the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for India:—

Lieutenant Arthur Henry Dopping Creagh, 1st Battalion Worcestershire Regiment, Officiating Wing Officer, 19th Bombay Infantry.

Lieutenant John Ewan Tod, 1st Battalion West Riding Regiment, is appointed a Probationer for the Bombay Staff Corps, with effect from 21st August 1889.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Mr J Klingelhofer, Deputy Shipping Master, Bombay, is granted privilege leave for three months from such date as he may avail himself of it after the 1st September 1889.

Mr J F Rodrigues, Head Clerk and Accountant, Shipping Office, Bombay, is appointed to act as Deputy Shipping Master during the absence of Mr J Klingelhofer on privilege leave, or until further orders.

ECCLESIASTICAL DEPARTMENT.

The Reverend A G Lewis, BA, BD, Senior Presidency Chaplain, has been appointed to officiate as Archdeacon and Commissary of Bombay during the absence of the Venerable Archdeacon C F H Johnston, M A, on leave on medical certificate, or until further orders.

The leave for six months on urgent private affairs granted to the Reverend G Gothard, MA, has been commuted by the Secretary of State for India into furlough for eighteen months.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Lieutenant E J Carter is appointed to act as Cantonment Magistrate at Ahmednagar during the absence of Captain J Davies.

Lieutenant Carter is, under Section 12 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1882, appointed to be a Magistrate of the third class within the Cantonment of Ahmednagar.

His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following promotions of Subordinate Judges:—

Rao Saheb Parashram Ballal Joshi to be a Second Class, First Grade, Subordinate Judge vice Rao Saheb Ramchandra Dinkar Paranjpe, promoted to the First Class.

Rao Saheb Chimanlal Lalubhai to be a Second Class, Second Grade, Subordinate Judge vice Rao Saheb Parashram Ballal Joshi, promoted.

Rao Saheb Pandurang Shridhar Pathak to be a Second Class, Third Grade, Subordinate Judge, vice Rao Saheb Chimanlal Lalubhai, promoted.

His Excellency the Governor in Council is further pleased to appoint Mr Ramchandra Ganesh Bagal to be a Second Class, Fourth Grade, Subordinate Judge, vice Rao Saheb Pandurang Shridhar Pathak, promoted, taking rank immediately below Rao Saheb Dattatraya Sadashiv Sapre.

In modification of so much of paragraph 1 of Government Notification No 3888, dated 24th July 1889, as appoints Rao Saheb Manohar Vishnu Kathvate to be Joint Second Class Subordinate Judge of Rajapur in the Ratnagiri District, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint him to be Second Class Subordinate Judge of Rahuri and Kopargaon in the Ahmednagar District

SALES BY AUCTION.

MENESSE AND COMPANY.

AUCTION SALE OF COALS.

On MONDAY, the 2nd September, at 3 p.m., Messrs MENESSE & Co. will sell by Public Auction at Mazagon Darukhana Bunder, by order of Messrs Ghellabhoy Khanbhoy & Co. and on account and at the risk of whom it may concern.

About 60 tons coals landed ex s s. Drumberlie, and saved from the boat that sank in the harbour during the late cyclone of the 4th June last.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, August 30, 1889.

BENNETT AND COMPANY.

No. 5, APOLLO STREET.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 31st inst., at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Meadow Street, Fort, near Messrs. Morenas and Co's, the valuable teakwood and blackwood french-polished household furniture, plated, glass and crockery ware, table and hanging; kerosine lamps, oleographs and pictures, Brussel carpets, &c., the property of I. H. BULL, Esq., leaving Bombay.

The property is on view.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 31st inst., at 3-30 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms a quantity of grey and coloured piece goods, &c.

On account and benefit of the concerned, 825 bags of coffee and pepper, more or less damaged.

At 1-30 p.m.,

1 handsome strong glass-fronted miniature brougham in very good order.

1 second-hand strong-built victoria with fixed coach-box.

1 strong built mail-phaeton in very good order.

1 handsome strong bay Arab horse, 14-2, 8 years old, quiet to ride and drive.

1 strong bay Arab galloway quiet in saddle and harness.

1 handsome strong-built rib dog-cart, in very good order.

1 well bred Bhownuggar cow in calf and with female a cost

AUCTION SALE OF GLASSWARE.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 31st instant, at 3 p. m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co will sell by Public Auction at the rooms, by order of the concerned and on account and risk of Mr. Mervanji Nowrojee—M N Bombay 24-31—9 cases of glassware, landed per s. s. Kaisar-i-Hind.

AUCTION SALE OF LAW BOOKS.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 31st instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their rooms valuable law books, book cases, &c, the property of a gentleman going up-country.

The books are on view,

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On MONDAY, the 2nd proximo, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 16, Military Square, Fort, the very valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood French-polished household furniture, specially made to order, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, very handsome China and Japanese flower vases, rich table ornaments, illustrate English folding mirrors, wearing apparel, &c., the property of Madame ROZA BROOMBERGER.

Catalogues are published, and the property is on view.

AUCTION SALE of unclaimed goods, sweepings, &c., at the G. I. P. Railway Goods Depot, Wari Bander.

On MONDAY next, the 2nd proximo, at 2 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the abovementioned place—

A quantity of unclaimed goods, sweepings, &c.

Under instructions from the Commissariat Storekeeper-General, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, on TUESDAY, the 3rd proximo, at 12 noon, sell by Public Auction at the Commissariat Stores, Town Barracks—

88 empty hogsheads and other unserviceable stores.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES AT DADUR ROAD.

Under instructions from the mortgagees, and under the power of sale reserved to them in a deed dated the 15th day of October, 1888, and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor, Manockjee Eduljee Contractor, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, on WEDNESDAY, the 4th proximo, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, the undermentioned properties:—

1stly.—All that piece or parcel of fazendaree land or ground, whereof Bachubai, widow and executrix of the last will and testament of the late Cowasjee Rustomjee Majra, and Merwanjee Cowasjee Majra, are the fazendars, situate, lying, and being at Dadur Road, outside the Fort, on the east side thereof, containing by admeasurement 1,938 square yards or thereabouts, together with the three several buildings standing and erected thereon, one of them being a three-storied house almost completed, and bounded as follows: That is to say, on or towards the east by the property of Huri Dwarkajee, on or towards the west partly by the property of the said mortgagor, leased by him from the said Huri Dwarkajee (under lease, dated 19th September, 1888), hereinafter fourthly described, partly by the Dadar Road aforesaid, and partly by the properties also belonging to the said mortgagor and at present sold and mortgaged by him to Shavuckaha Pestonjee Nirmwalla, and the trustees of Kanjee Khetsey, respectively; on or towards the north by a passage and beyond that partly by land also granted to the said mortgagor by the said Buchoobai, widow, and Merwanjee Cowasjee Majra and hereinafter secondly described, and partly by the property of the Roman Catholic Bishop of Bombay; and on or towards the south partly by Huri Dwarkjee Thakoor, and partly by the property of Ballajee Sitaram; and which said land is registered in the books of the Collector of Bombay under old Nos. 36, 294, and 101, and new Nos. 11490 and 11215, and which said three buildings are assessed by the Municipality of Bombay, under Nos. ....and all of which are at present in the occupation of the said mortgagor or his tenants.

2ndly.—All that piece of parcel of fazendaree land or ground, whereof the said Buchoobai, widow, and Merwanjee Cowasjee Majra are the fazendar, situate, lying and being on the east side of the Dadur Road, outside the Fort, containing by admeasurement 439 square yards or thereabouts, and bounded as follows: That is to say,—on or towards the east by the property of the Roman Catholic Bishop of Bombay, on or towards the west also by the property of the Roman Catholic Bishop of Bombay, and beyond that by the Dadur Road, on or towards the north also by the property of the Roman Catholic Bishop of Bombay, and on or towards the south by a passage, and beyond that partly by the property hereinbefore firstly described, and partly by the property belonging to the said mortgagor, and at present sold by him to the said Shavuksha Pestonjee Niramwalla, and which said piece of land is registered by the Collector of Bombay under old No. 38 and new No. 11490, and is in the occupation of the said mortgagor.

3rdly.—All that piece of parcel of fazendaree land or ground, containing by admeasurement about 603 square yards, together with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling-house of three storeys, erected and standing on a portion thereof, facing the Dadur Road on the west side thereof, being 42 feet in length and 65 feet in breadth or thereabouts assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under ward No. 645 and street No. 5, and bounded as follows: That is to say, on or towards the east partly by the vacant Fazendaree land of the said mortgagor, and partly by a chawl firstly hereinabove described; on or towards the west by the Dadar Road aforesaid; on or towards the north partly by another house of three stories, lately sold by the said mortgagor to Shavuksha Pestonjee Niramwalla, and partly by a portion of ground firstly hereinabove described; and on or towards south partly by a range of buildings and partly by a portion of ground firstly hereinabove described, and at present in the occupation of the said mortgagor or his tenants.

4thly.—All that piece or parcel of land or ground, situate, lying and being on the east side of Dadur Road outside the Fort of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 815 square yards or thereabouts, and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the east partly by the ground herein before firstly described, and partly by the property of Ballajee Sitaram, on or towards the west by ground left vacant by order of the Municipal Commissioner for improvement of road and beyond that by the Dadur Road aforesaid; on or towards the north by the property hereinabove firstly described, and on or towards the south by the property of Ballajee Sitaram, and which said land is registered in the books of the Collector of Bombay under old No. 101 and new Nos. 11211 and 11553, and new Survey No. 12043, and is in the occupation of the said mortgagor.

The property hereinabove thirdly described is to be sold, subject to a prior mortgage claim thereon of the trustees of the late Banjee Khetsey for Rs. 15,550 with interest, under an indenture, dated 19th day of May, 1888, and made between the said mortgagor of the one part and the said trustees of the other part.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Mr. Khanderao Morojee, at his Office, No. 41, Medows Street, Fort, or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT PAREL ON THE DADUR ROAD.

On WEDNESDAY, the 4th proximo, at 4 p m Messrs BENNETT and Co, will sell by Public Auction on the premises by order of Thaker Tricumdas Mooljee, Khimjee Valabudas, Mooljee Lukmidas, Ruttonsey Premjee and Hurrivalabdas Nursey, the mortgagees, and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor Manockjee Eduljee Contractor, the following valuable landed property:—

All that piece or parcel of land or ground, containing by admeasurement 609 square yards, together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house of three storeys erected and standing on a portion thereof, facing the Dadur Road, on the west side thereof, being 42 feet in length and 65 feet in breadth, assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under Ward No. 645 and Street No. 5, and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the east by the vacant Fazandaree land of the said Manockjee Eduljee, on or towards the west by the Dadur Road, on or towards the north by another house of three storeys of the said Manockjee Eduljee, and on or towards the south by a chawl or range of buildings of the said Manockjee Eduljee Contractor.

For further particulars and conditions of sale applications may be made to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE of very VALUABLE and DESIRABLE VACANT pieces of LAND, on PEDDER ROAD, CUMBALLA HILL.

On behalf of all concerned Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will (unless previously privately disposed of) put up for sale by Public Auction, on SATURDAY, the 14th day of September, at 4 p.m., on the premises, the following piece of land either in two or three lots, as will suit the convenience of purchasers.

All that piece of land situate on the east side of Pedder Road, in the registration district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 6000 square yards or thereabouts, and bounded on the north by the property of Muncherjee Framjee Cama, on the south by a private road belonging to the vendors, on the east by a public passage called Gowan, and on the west by Pedder Road.

If the property is sold in two lots, each lot will have a frontage of 145 feet to the west and on Pedder Road, and the areas of the lots will roughly be 3000 and 2000 square yards, respectively. If sold in three lots, each lot will have a frontage to the west and on the said road of about 90 feet and the areas of the lots will roughly be 1,900, 1,600 and 1,500 square yards.

For plans, conditions of sale, and other information, application may be made to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, August 30, 1889.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,

SURGEON DENTIST.

NO. 3 HORNBY ROW,

Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

CLEARANCE OF BEST PLATED WARE AND CUTLERY.

WE are offering a splendid Stock of all kinds of Plated Ware and Cutlery, consisting of Knives, Forks, Spoons, Cruet Stands, etc., etc., at greatly reduced prices.

JOHN ROBERTS AND CO., Ld.,

18, MARINE STREET.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS are specific for all Bilious Affections.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS cure Melancholy, sick Headaches and Costiveness.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS are a sovereign remedy for Erysipelas, Diseases of the kin and Inflammation.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS have succeeded in working an effective cure when all other drugs have failed.

MENIST'S PERFECT PEBBLES

ARE CUT ON APPROVED SCIENTIFIC PRINCIPLES AT RIGHT ANGLES TO THE AXIS OF THE CRYSTAL.

IN MENIST'S PERFECT PEBBLE SPECTACLES it is not only the pebbles which are perfect. Special attention has also been given to the construction and finish of the frames to ensure the pebbles being placed exactly in the proper position for efficiently correcting the particular anomaly of refraction for which they are designed.

MENIST'S PERFECT PEBBLE SPECTACLES stand unrivalled, and command the highest price, but for those who desire it, we supply also ordinary glass and Pebble Spectacles at Rs. 3 and Rs. 6 per pair, respectively.

MARCKS AND COMPANY, Ld.

A LECTURE READ BY

PROFESSOR JAMES DARMESTETER

(in pamphlet form),

Reprinted from the *Bombay Gazette*.

Annas 2. Post free.

To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

SALES BY AUCTION.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

41, MEADOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

SALE OF THE VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY NEAR JAIL ROAD AT GOMEKKHAREE.

By order of the mortgagee, Purmanandas Jeevundas, Esq., and on account and at the risk of the mortgagors, Mirzally Akbarkhan Bahadoor and others, Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction on the premises, on WEDNESDAY, the 4th day of September 1889, sale commencing at 4 p.m., the following immoveable properties, viz:—

All that piece or parcel of Fazandaree land or ground, situate without the Fort walls of Bombay, at or near Umarkharee, in the sub-district of Mazgaon, on the north side of the Old Jail Road, containing by admeasurement 4,260 square yards or thereabouts, and registered by the Fazundar or Trustee of the Church of Nossa Senhora De Esperance, under No. 103, and is bounded on the east by a footpath or passage, on the west by the house of Hajee Mahomed Saladhan, and now of the said Mirza Hussein Allykhan, on the north by a footpath or passage, and on the south by the public Jail Road, together with the several messuages, tenements or dwelling-houses or bungalows and stables erected, built, and standing thereon, and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Assessment under Nos. 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, and 119.

For full particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.

Auctioneers.

Bombay, August 30, 1889.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY.

7, MARINE STREET.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT BYCULLA, HAINES ROAD, WITHOUT THE FORT.

THIS DAY FRIDAY, the 30th inst., at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, by order of the mortgagee, Bejonji Dhunjeebhoy Kapadia, and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor, Jan Mahomed Cassum, in pursuance of the power of sale given in the indenture of mortgage, dated the 16th day of July, 1885,—

All that piece of fazundaree ground, together with the messuage or dwelling-house, hereditaments and premises standing thereon, situate on the southern side of Byculla, Haines Road, without the Fort of Bombay, in the registration subdistrict of Fort, assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under ward No. and street No. , containing by admeasurement 270 square yards or thereabouts, and bounded on the east by vacant ground of Ramchunder Shimpi, on the west by the house of Hajee Abdoola Moobarak, on the north by the said Byculla Haines Road, and on the south by the public drain or gutter, and which said hereditaments and premises were formerly and are now in the possession of the said Jan Mahomed Cassum.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 30th instant at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRARFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the bungalow of the late Mr John Baretto, No. 73, opposite Dadysetth's Agiary Lane, Kalbadevie, the hand some French-polished black and teak wood household furniture, plated-ware, crockery and glassware, flower vases, table and hanging lamps, carpets, &c.

The property is on view.

TOMORROW, SATURDAY, the 31st instant, sale commencing at 1 p.m. Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the Bombay Gas Works, Chinchpoogly, the valuable and handsome french-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best plated ware, crockery and glassware, a handsome strong and light dog-cart, handsome table ornaments and flower vases, table and hanging lamps, pictures, carpets, &c., the property of H. O'CONNOR, Esq.

Catalogues are published, and the property is on view.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY next, the 2nd September, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms—

5 bales grey shirtings.
5 ,, dhoties.
5 cases prints.
4 ,, T red cambrics.

A small consignment of crockery and glassware, consisting of toilet sets, dinner services, breakfast and tea sets, glass insulators, salad bowls, tumblers, jugs, fruit stands, flat dishes, jam dishes, compo fruit stands, &c.

2 cases colored felt cloth.
4 ,, blacking in tins.

On account and at the risk of Ramtoola Caderna—

R C—41-1 case all-wool drab serge.

By order of the concerned and on account and at the risk of Khoja Sulleman Esmail—

P 1169-70—2 cases varnish ex s. s. Yesso.
1171- 0—1) drums turpentine do.

AT 2 P. M.

1 strong double-seated brougham.
1 serviceable office-shigram.
1 grey Arab horse, rising 5 years, and believed to be sound.
1 very handsome grey Pegu mare, height 11-2, age 6, sound, quiet, recently landed.

And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

SALE OF FINE PEARLS.

On THURSDAY next, the 5th September, at 3 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their rooms, on account of the concerned—

1 parcel of fine pearls, about 1,400 chows, in lots to suit punchasers.

The pearls will be on view one day previous to the sale.

On THURSDAY, the 12th inst., sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Grant's Building, Colaba, the valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, plated ware, crockery and glassware, table ornaments, table and hanging lamps, pictures, carpets, &c., the property of THOMAS WALMSLEY, Esq.

Full particulars will be given hereafter and the property will be on view 3 days before sale.

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO MILLOWNERS, MILL FURNISHERS AND OTHERS.

BONA FIDE SALE OF VALUABLE MILL STORES.

Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. have received instructions from the Administrator-General as administrator of the estate of the late Mr. James Greaves, to sell by Public Auction at the godowns of Messrs. James Greaves and Co. in Tamarind Lane, Fort, on SATURDAY, the 14th September at 2 p.m.—

A quantity of mill stores, consisting of 1, 1½, 1¾, 2, 2½, 2¾, 3½, 4½, 5, and 6 inches leather belting, 5 and 6" canvas beltings, roller skins, mule bandings, throstle bandings, rim bandings, scroll bandings, English bundling twine, ¾, 1, 1¼ and 1½ inch, soap stone packings, 1-inch round canvas, cord packings, asbestos, millboard sheets 40" by 4'," 16 and 18 oz. roller cloths, shuttles, white leather sewing lace, leather picking bands, oak-tanned buffalo pickers, stripping cards, 9 and 12 inches long collar skewers, 18-inch plain wired and patent shield slubbing tubes, 7 inch patent shield and wired roving tubes, and masons roving tubes, 5 inch Magenta colored Rabbeth bobbins, 5 inch green and red weft pins with shields, spindle oil, shafting oil, ring throstle oil, cylinder oil, China clay, one "The Simplex" fire extinguisher, kegs of paint, &c.

Detailed catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view a week before the sale.

CRAWFORD & CO.

Bombay, August 30, 1889.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

THURSDAY EVENING, AUG. 29.

THE downward movement in the English funds continues, Reuter's financial telegram of last evening advising a further decline of ¼ per cent., at 97⅞. The withdrawal of about £400,000 from the Bank of England for South America is also reported. Indian Sterling Loan was ¼ per cent. lower, at 108½; Silver advanced another 1-16, at 42½d. per oz.; and Rupee Securities were ⅛ higher in each denomination, at £67⅛ and £69½, respectively; but these quotations are called nominal. In Paris French Rentes were ¼ per cent. lower, at 85½; and Exchange on London had further advanced 1½ centimes, say to frs. 25·28.

At the weekly Council biddings for 35 lakhs yesterday some 17¼ lakhs of Bills were allotted to Calcutta, 2½ lakhs to Bombay, and 6 lakhs to Madras, at 1s. 4 9-32d., and 5½ lakhs of Wire Transfers to Calcutta, 1½ lakhs to Bombay, and 2¼ lakhs to Madras, at 1s. 4 5-16d., these rates being 1-32d. above those of the extra sales on Tuesday, and 3-32d. higher than those obtained by Government at the previous regular allotments. 35 lakhs will be offered again next Wednesday. The Exchange Banks raised their buying rate on India at 30 days' sight ⅛d., making it 1s. 4⅛d. per rupee.

The General Produce markets seem to be in an inanimate state on the other side. There was nothing doing yesterday in Linseed and Rapeseed, and prices were unchanged. Wheat was quiet at previous quotations.

Tuesday's decline of 1-16d. in the price of spot Mid.-American Cotton in Liverpool was recovered yesterday, 6⅜d. being again the quotation, and the market closed firm, Surats steady; but the day's Sales only reached 7,000 bales, inclusive of 1,000 Surats. American Arrivals were 1-16d. higher for the nearest (August-September) deliveries, and 1-64d. to 1-32d. up in the more distant positions.

The Manchester market had been dull.

In New York September Futures were 3 points higher, at 10·49, but for August they were only a point up, at 10·55, while spot Cotton was unaltered, at 11⅛ cents.

Next to nothing has been done again to-day in our local Cotton market, the only purchase from stock reported being that of a little Karanja, at Rs. 221½. In forward business, however, we hear of a line of "Fully Good" New Bengals having been booked for January delivery at Rs. 186 per candy. The tone of the market has become quiet, but prices are quite unchanged.

Some 2½ inches of rain fell at Delhi and 1½ at Beawar, in the Bengal circle, since the beginning of the week, and 2 inches at Dhollera; but over other portions of the Cotton area the fall has been slight and in a few places *nil*. Amongst the latter are Cawnpore, in the Bengal circle, where more rain was required, though the later cotton savings had somewhat improved, and at Hubli, in the Dharwar circle, where only 20 cents has been registered, an anxiety about the crop continues. The flowering of the plants has advanced in most of the Bengal districts and in the more forward parts of the Oomrawuttee circle, and in some cases the plants were showing bolls. At Dhulia, however, the plants needed more rain, as they did also at Bhownugger in the Dhollera circle. Half an inch of rain has fallen at Broach and the cotton crop is flourishing.

WHEAT.—This market has shown no further movement in prices to-day, and small business only has transpired, the feeling having been quiet.

SEEDS have been in but moderate request, and transactions in *Linseed* and *Rapeseed* have been upon a limited scale on the basis of last quotations, which are named all round.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows:—

Cotton	2,096	bales.
Wheat	4,453	cwt.
Linseed	2,132	,,
Rapeseed	4,647	,,
Ground Nuts	1,022	,,
Castorseed	2,703	,,

FREIGHTS have relapsed into a quiet state, and again we have no fresh engagements to chronicle; but quotations, though they lack the test of actual business, may generally be taken as before.

EXCHANGE.—Strengthened by the further advance in the price of Silver above reported, and by the higher rates paid for Council Bills and Transfers, this market has been firm to-day at an advance of 1-32d. on yesterday's quotations, which has almost put an end to Merchants' Bills coming out, while beyond a very slight enquiry only for forward Bank Paper at higher rates we have heard of nothing going on in this direction. We quote forward Credits, for October-March delivery, at 1s. 4 9-16d., and remittance the same ready as forward, say:—

Bank Bills on demand	1s. 4 5-16d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 4 9-32d.	,,
Do. 3 months' sight	1s. 4 13-32d.	,,
Credits do.	1s. 4 17-32d.	,,
Francs do.	1·74½.	,,

The weekly official statement relating to silver at the Mint gives the following figures:—

Value of Silver in the Mint on 12st August 1889	Rs.	60,14,567
Silver received during the week		16,12,890
	Rs.	76,27,397
New coin paid during the week		10,01,255
	Rs.	66,26,142
Bullion belonging to private individuals		21,29,945
	Rs.	87,58,087
Last week		80,12,185

GOVERNMENT PAPER has had a fall of 9-16 per cent to-day in view of the settlement, for which, and for cash, the rate declined to 98⅝, which was also quoted for the September account; but later on the ready rate further receded to 98⅜, at which it closed. For 4½ per cents 103 has remained the nominal quotation.

SHARES continue without life. New Berar Press are Rs. 5 higher, at Rs. 560, and Prince of Wales lower to the same extent, at Rs. 395; but in Mill Scrip the only change we have to note is a decline of Rs. 2½ in Oriental, at Rs. 397½.

[For latest Stock and Shares Prices see page 3.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

SINGAPORE, AUG. 28.

The P. and O. Co.'s steamer Thibet (extra) left here for Bombay at 5 p.m. to-day.

KURRACHEE, AUG. 29.

The MacIver Line steamer Lycia sailed at 11 a.m. to-day and is due in Bombay at 11 a.m. on Saturday, the 31st.

COLOMBO, AUG. 29.

French Mail steamer Natal from Aden arrived.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, AUG. 28.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed pim Surats steady.

Good Fair Dhollera	4½
The Manchester Market has been dull	
7 lbs. Shirtings	5-1½
8¼ ,, ,,	6-3¼
40s Mule Twist	0-9½
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight	134½d.
2½ per cent. Consols for account	97⅛
3 per cent. French Rentes	85¼
4 per cent. Rupee paper	67½ nom
4½ per cent. ,,	64½ nali
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	108¼
Bar Silver	42⅛

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

LATEST dates of foreign messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p. m. of the 29th Aug. 1889.

Via.	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time occupied in transmission.* Hours.	Minutes.
Turkey	...	...	...	...	...
Teheran	29	6	35	...	37
Suez	29	6	53	...	50

* Difference in longitude allowed for.

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours ending 8 p.m., 29th Aug. 1889.

	Maximum Time. H.	M.	Minimum Time. H.	M.
From Calcutta	...	58	...	5
,, Kurrachee	...	27	...	1
,, Madras	...	17	...	1

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

DEATH.

RUNCHORDAS—August 28, at 11-30 p.m., Runchordas, third son of Seth Varjeevandas Madhowdass, at his family residence in Fort, aged 18 years. Deeply regretted by a large circle of family and friends.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

BROWNE—August 21, at Bangalore, the wife of C H Browne, of a son.
TEMPLE—August 22, at Kamptee, the wife of Major Temple, Royal Artillery, of a son.
TILLEY—August 16, at Roorkee, N-W P, the wife of Lieut W F Tilley, Royal Engineers, of a son.
WISEMAN—August 23, at "Craiglands," Naini Tal, the wife of A C Wiseman, of a daughter.

DEATHS.

ARGLES—August 15, at Gorukhpore, Irene May, the beloved infant daughter of Mr and Mrs William Henry Argles, aged 6 months and 4 days.
HALL—August 26, at Allahabad, Mrs M A Hall.
KIRKE—August 23, at Darjeeling, Lieut-Col H P Kirke, General List Infantry, Commandant, Base Depot, Sikkim Expeditionary Force, Ghoom.
SHARPE—August 26, Blanche Evelin, eldest daughter of J H Sharpe, E I Railway, Cawnpore, aged 21 years and 10 months.

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, AUGUST 30, 1889.

THE fifty-five years rule is still the subject of controversy, and until some definite understanding is come to upon the questions at issue it will continue to give rise to discontent and heart-burning. As it stands, Covenanted officials and military officers must retire at fifty-five. The Government has no option in the matter, and it is only on some very special occasion that such an officer would be allowed to continue in the service. The reason is obvious, for the compulsory retirement of the senior officers creates a steady flow of promotion, which in the case of the Civil Service and the Military Department is an indispensable condition of good work. Not long ago the block of promotion and the unsatisfactory conditions of service in the Public Works Department induced Government to extend the rule to that department. It has achieved its object; and at the cost of the retirement of a few individuals, the whole service has been freshened, the block has been removed, and promotion has returned to its normal state. The Government now wish, and not unnaturally, to return to the old rules and apply to the Public Works Department the same rules which it applies to the rest of the Uncovenanted Service. The rule as regards the Uncovenanted Service is that at fifty-five the officer might retire if he likes. If he does not like, then Government presumes that he may be inefficient, and if they have reason to believe that this presumption is correct they might compel him to retire. If, however, they consider that he is still efficient, they may extend his service from time to time until he is sixty, when the presumption becomes absolute, and the officer must retire. The practical question at fifty-five then is what is inefficiency? It is impossible to expect the same efficiency at fifty-five as at thirty-five, and the same vigour and application to duty is not to be expected from an old man as from one in the prime of life, nor is it physically possible. Nor again can it be supposed that a man at fifty-four has all the vigour and elasticity of youth and that the man of fifty-five has the decrepitude of age. The rule does not regard physical impossibilities, but it merely creates a rule of presumption. If a man has broken down before fifty-five it is the duty of Government to retire him at the time of his break-down, whether that happens at forty or at fifty. But if he has contrived to do his work up to fifty-five, the Government claims a right to inquire whether there are such evident signs of failing health or want of application or feebleness of mind, which would justify them in calling upon the officer to retire. If such signs are detected, the officer is made to retire; but it may be said that the practice is to allow him to remain for one or two years with hardly any inquiry, and not unfrequently when it is notorious that he ought to have been retired.

It will be observed that the rule is applied in two different ways to the two branches of the service. For the Covenanted Services the rule exists primarily for the benefit of the services, and the object is to secure that every member will have his turn of promotion and will be the holder of some high office. It is only indirectly that the State gains in the energy and force of its officers, who, in the limited time allotted to them, must prove themselves worthy of their position or fall back among the nameless crowd. But with regard to the Uncovenanted Service the rule is worked purely upon financial considerations, and men are not retired if any work can be got out of them for fear the charge for pensions may be unduly increased. It is a mere question of money, and no regard is paid to the stimulating effect which the rule of compulsory retirement would excite in the whole body of the service. There is great force and good reason in the way the rules are worked, for the distinction made by Government is founded upon the radical difference between the two services. The better part of the best appointments are reserved for Covenanted officials, and it is absolutely necessary to have not only the best men but also comparatively young men to stand the strain of the work; and they are relieved by younger men who are confident to succeed by a certain date and who qualify themselves accordingly. The major part of the Uncovenanted Service, on the other hand, is employed upon duties which are chiefly clerical, and do not make any severe strain on the nervous system. A clerk of fifty-five is very much the same as a clerk of forty-five; and if he happens to be well preserved and in good health, there is no special reason why he should retire for the benefit of a junior clerk. And the same reasoning would apply to all those cases where the work required is of an ordinary routine character without any special exertion of administrative ability or executive energy.

This distinction of treatment between the two services was necessary, and is still necessary in all these cases to which the reason for the distinction applies. As long as the Uncovenanted Service was a subordinate service—almost purely clerical in its nature—the Government had every reason not to enforce the rule and to permit the officer to remain if he were able to perform his duties with ordinary efficiency, but since the great extension of the Uncovenanted Service which has taken place of late years and the large number of important offices which they now hold, the application of the rule to English officers, which was originally made for natives only, has become anomalous. The same considerations which dictate the necessity of retirement in the case of the Covenanted officers apply with equal force to the case of Uncovenanted heads of departments and all other high appointments which require energy and ability in a high degree. It is essential, both in the interests of the State and in the interests of the officers of the several departments that there should be a constant supply of new blood and tissue to repair the waste and exhaustion of the old. The health of the body politic requires that there should be an automatic rule, by which the older officers should retire and be succeeded by younger and more energetic men; and its steady and uniform application would relieve Government from the duty of perpetually deciding upon the begging petitions of the ancients to be allowed to continue in service for another year or two. There is a natural reluctance to oblige an officer to retire when the decision is left with Government; but were the rule obligatory, it is well understood that applications to remain would not be entertained. The rule, therefore, which governs the Covenanted Service should be extended to all those appointments in the Uncovenanted Service which fall within its principle. The higher appointments of judges and magistrates obviously fall within the rule, so do the higher appointments in the Education and Police Departments, and several in the Revenue, Survey, and Public Works. Practically all officers drawing Rs. 1,000 a month are within the rule and the line may be drawn lower; and with regard to these there appears to be no reason why Government should not enforce it strictly with advantage to themselves and with benefit to the departments concerned. It is only by an unintelligent adherence to the letter of the rule that blocks in promotion and consequent dissatisfaction are caused. But if the rule were administered according to its true intent and meaning all superior officers who are over age would be retired automatically without the interference of Government. There would be a regular flow of promotion, a constant infusion of new blood, and a general feeling of satisfaction. Nor would the charge for pensions be affected except in a slight degree. We would, therefore, hope that for the future the rule will be administered according to its spirit, and that aged English officers on high pay will not be allowed to shelter themselves behind a rule which was made to protect the Government against the unnecessary retirement of native clerks.

WE have hitherto withheld details as to the progress made in organising the contingents of the armies of the Native States which Princes and Chiefs have loyally placed at the disposal of the Imperial Government for the defence of the frontier. The preliminaries are of necessity slow, and not even the ubiquitous energy of Major Melliss can suffice to give its due proportions in the course of a few months to a military reserve which, when it receives its full development, will add, it may be hoped, an army corps at the very least to the available military strength of the Empire. It is contrary to the teachings of the well-known adage to let fools see half-done work, and in the exercise of our discretion we reserved details until the framework was complete and native contingents had attained their full proportions. But since a contemporary has published the exact strength of the brigades and the proportion of the three arms there is no use in further reticence. Not for many years since an Indian newspaper had the discretion to produce textually some chapters of Sir Charles MacGregor's confidential report on the defence of the Indian Frontier, as if they were leading articles evolved out of the editorial consciousness. That publication was arrested by angry remonstrance such as would have made the Parsees protesting against the promulgation of Mr. Ommanney's Confidential Note marvel at their moderation if they knew what was said and sworn to. In this matter of the actual strength of the Native Contingents, however the secret is now out. Here is the list:—Hyderabad, a brigade of not more than 4,000 men; Gwalior, one regiment of cavalry, 500 strong, and two of infantry, consisting of 1,500 men; Kashmir, brigade of 2,500 selected troops, suitably armed, trained, and equipped (exclusive of 1,500 men at Gilgit); Mysore, two cavalry regiments, 396 each, and five of infantry, 720 each, conditional on permission being given to increase the army; Patialla, 600 cavalry and 1,000 infantry; Bahawalpore, 150 cavalry and 300 infantry; Jhind, 150 cavalry and 600 infantry; Nabha, 150 cavalry and 600 infantry; Nahun, 54 cavalry, 426 infantry, and two Maxim guns; Kapurthala, 150 cavalry and 600 infantry; Faridkot, 50 cavalry and 150 infantry; Maler Kotla, 50 cavalry and 150 infantry; Jeypore, a transport corps of 1,000 ponies fully equipped; Kotah, 600 infantry; Sirohi, 100 infantry; Bhurtpur, 800 infantry and 600 cavalry; Udaipur, 300 cavalry and 650 infantry; Jodhpur, 1,000 infantry and 600 cavalry with transport complete; Bikanir, a camel corps 500 strong; Ulwar, 1,000 infantry and 600 cavalry; Bhopal, 300 cavalry, 800 infantry, and a field battery of 6 guns.

THE most remarkable fact connected with the strike of the London dock-labourers is that thousands of men whose only earnings were the two shillings and sixpence which they obtained when they succeeded in obtaining a day's work should be able to hold out for a fortnight and support themselves and their families in the meantime. It has often happened that thousands of men waiting at the dock gates on the chance of employment have been informed that there was no work for them that day. When this happens, the men are absolutely without resource, and it has always been a matter of wonder how under the circumstances they and their wives and children tide over the day. It is a well-understood factor in the problem of the unemployed in the Metropolis that sixty thousand men get up evening or morning without any clear idea where their breakfast is to come from. Lord Meath in an article contributed a couple of years ago to one of the reviews pointed to the great social danger arising from the existence, in the midst of all the wealth and temptations of a great city, of hundreds of thousands of men and women with no regular means of obtaining their daily food or keeping a roof over their heads. His Lordship, who has given much labour and thought to devising means of mitigating the lot of these people, declared significantly that if a man of organising mind like "General" Booth of the Salvation Army were to take this mass of despairing humanity in hand, he would make the strongest Government tremble. The danger was apparently increased by the very fact that these men, from whom the class who proceed every morning to the number of twenty or five and twenty thousand, to the docks on the chance of earning half a crown, have no regular Trades Union and no organisation to fall back upon in times of special trial. The last thing, it was supposed, they could venture upon was a strike. Yet they have struck and have held out long enough to change the "firm determination" of the directors of the dock companies not to yield into "wavering" and a disposition to yield everything, but the demand for sixpence an hour. The strikers have obtained a large measure of public sympathy, although their refusal to unload

TELEGRAMS.

[CENTRAL NEWS TELEGRAMS.]

LORD CROSS AND THE MAMLATDARS.

LONDON, Aug. 29.

In the House of Lords last night, in reply to a question, Lord Cross said that the Bombay Government would dismiss, but monetarily compensate all native officials who were proved guilty of corrupt motives in the malpractices which the Crawford Case had brought to light, and would retain all who had been made the victims of extortion, protecting them also against any suits arising thereout.

THE DOCK-LABOURERS' STRIKE.

PARTIAL RESUMPTION OF WORK.

LONDON, Aug. 28.

Many of the dock-labourers together with the carmen and coal hauliers have resumed work.

The main body continue out, but there is a reasonable hope of shortly effecting a settlement. The dock companies are wavering.

Prices of all provisions have risen in consequence of the strike.

A COMPROMISE ATTEMPTED.

Aug. 29.

The directors last night conceded all the labourers' demands except that stipulating for a fixed payment of sixpence per hour.

The men, however, declare this to be a vital point and refuse to accede.

THE FRENCH ELECTIONS.

PARIS, Aug. 29.

The French elections are fixed for September 22nd.

THE IRISH UNIVERSITY BILL.

LONDON, Aug. 29.

It is stated in this morning's papers that the New Irish University Bill provides for a special charter for, and the separate endowment of an independent Catholic University.

EXPULSION OF FOREIGNERS FROM RUSSIA.

VIENNA, Aug. 28.

Three hundred foreigners have been expelled from Warsaw.

RUSSIA AND KASHMIR.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 29.

The *Novoe Vremya* in an article this morning states that England's virtual annexation of Kashmir compels Russia to take measures with a view to safeguard her interests on the Afghan and Thibetan frontiers.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE STRIKES IN LONDON.

LONDON, Aug. 29.

The delegates from the wharfingers and dock-labourers on strike held a conference with the dock directors yesterday. The directors offered that if the labourers withdrew their demand of sixpence an hour that the remainder of their demands could be arranged. The delegates refused to accept these terms and thus a deadlock continues.

A meeting of Tea Dealers' Association was held yesterday, at which it was resolved that unless the dock directors yielded to the demands of men today an arrangement would be made with the wharfingers to throw open their wharves and engage labourers on the terms demanded. The strike among the coal-heavers has terminated, the masters having granted the increased pay demanded by the men.

THE PRINTERS ON STRIKE.

The London printers have joined the strike movement and 2,000 of them have already struck work.

THE FRENCH ELECTIONS.

PARIS, Aug 28.

The French elections are fixed to take place on the 22nd of September.

LORD REAY EULOGISED BY LORD CROSS.

LONDON, Aug. 29.

In the House of Lords last night, Lord Cross, in replying to Lord Herschell, eulogised Lord Reay's efforts to suppress bribery in the Bombay Civil Service, though he regretted his offering a guarantee of immunity to the officials who were witnesses in the Crawford case. His lordship said that doubtless those who offered bribes for certain favours should be dismissed the service with some compensation, but the victims of extortion shouid be retained in the service and guaranteed against prosecution. Lord Cross added that Government had the greatest confidence in Lord Reay's administration.

The Council of India Bill has passed through the House of Lords.

THE CATHOLIC UNIVERSITY.

In the House of Commons Mr. Balfour promised to bring forward a Bill for the Endowment of the Catholic University in Ireland.

OBITUARY.

Lord Addington is dead.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE OF A CHAPLAIN.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, Aug. 29.

The Rev. W. B. Sisam, Railway Chaplain here, attempted to commit suicide early this morning at Insein. His servant found him in a bath-room, his throat having been cut with a razor. Dr. DeSouza went out from Rangoon, and stitched up the wound. Mr. Sisam was then brought to the Rangoon Hospital, where he is still alive.

A MAGISTRATE CONVICTED OF HARBOURING DACOITS.

MHOW, Aug. 29.

Mr. Gutekar, the Sessions Judge of Indore City, has, after an unusually protracted hearing, in a long and elaborate judgment, convicted one Rajaram, Magistrate of Khargaon, on charges of harbouring the proclaimed dacoit Tantia Bheel, of abetting the commission of dacoities by him, and of omitting to give information against the offender, and has sentenced Rajaram to an aggregate imprisonment of seven years and a fine of Rs. 5,000.

Great credit is due to the Government of H. H. the Maharajah Holkar for the promptitude with which they have taken up and managed the case throughout. The Hon'ble Mr. P. M. Mehta, Barrister-at-law, Bombay, prosecuted on behalf of the State.

NOTES FROM LONDON.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, Aug. 9.

At the Naval Review the other day the Press were badly treated by the authorities. For instance, on Saturday the Seahorse started with the correspondents before it was known that the inspection had been postponed on account of the bad weather, and although it would have been easy to signal the intimation, no one thought it necessary to do this, and the unfortunate representatives of the Press were not aware of what happened until their return to the shore late in the day. In this country journalists are usually so well treated, except by a few officials of the old school, that the want of consideration shown on this occasion by the Admiralty has excited a great deal of surprise, and it will probably be some time before Lord George Hamilton hears the last of it. It seems hard that while lunch was provided on board the Indian troopships—not at the expense of India, hope—for members of the Legislature and their friends together with the Corps Diplomatique, the representatives of the public, many of whom could only arrive in Portsmouth just in time to embark, were probably informed that they must make their own arrangements for refreshments. There is something in the First Lord's plea that these naval inspections are to be annual,and that the Jubilee Review, when all visitors were treated alike, was an exceptional thing. But to be consistent, Lord George Hamilton should have told the Ambassadors, the Peers, and the M. P.'s with their troops of friends to take with them their own tiffin baskets. Although the Press has for the most part observed a dignified silence, the discourtesy of the naval authorities is strongly resented, and the Department in Whitehall may not have long to wait before it has occasion to regret its mistake.

Although the centre of possible disturbance is not now in France, all eyes are turned to that country where in a short time the fate of le brav General will be decided. Mr. Labouchere has in his paper some remarks on M. Boulanger which have given great satisfaction to many who do not often find themselves in agreement with the Editor of *Truth*. An immense deal of fuss has been made about the dinners the General has given and attended ; but the value of this, from a social as well as political view, can be gauged only by those who, like Mr. Labouchere, are behind the scenes and know exactly how the wires are pulled. It would be flattering to the French pretender if he was as great a social success in London as that picturesque showman, Buffalo Bill ; but even the ex-Bengal Civilian, Mr. Broadley, who takes almost as much interest in Boulanger the Frenchmen as he did in Araby the Egyptian will not venture to say that his *protege* has anything like the number of admirers in English "big lip" as the American colonel had.

The "scenes" that have taken place in the House during the past two nights reminded those who were present of old times. The Irish members are very angry at the way Dr. Tanner has been treated, and threaten to contest every item of the Irish Estimates, and as the pressure brought to bear upon the Government to bring in their Tithe Bill has been successful the chances of an early prorogation are now considered hopeless. But a great many members have already left town, and if the present unsettled weather improves, Mr. Akers Douglas will find some difficulty in persuading many of the supporters of the Government to remain beyond the third week of August.

Mr. Caine, M. P., is still engaged in looking after the Indian breweries. On Monday he is to ask Sir John Gorst if the Under-Secretary is not away yachting—"if it is true that Messrs. Leishman and Co., of the Castle Brewery, Coonoor, pay an excise duty of 3 rupees 6 annas per hogshead on all the beers (*sic*) they manufacture ; and if so, why are they treated so exceptionally to all other brewers in India, who are stated by him to be untaxed."

The "Index to the Reports from the Select Committee on East India (Hyderabad Deccan Mining Company)" has been published to-day as a Parliamentary paper. It consists of upwards of forty folio pages.

SIR RICHARD TEMPLE ASKED TO VERIFY HIS QUOTATIONS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—I humbly beg to enclose herewith for publication true copies of the correspondence that has passed between Sir Richard Temple, M.P., and myself in connection with his views on the use of spirituous liquor in ancient India referred to in your leader of 22nd May last. I am unable to perceive why Sir Richard does not condescend to enlighten me and other Hindoos on the subject by citing his authorities. I also do not know whether my letter of 3rd June is actually couched (not "coached" as Sir Richard's clerk puts it) in discourteous terms, or whether that has been put forth as a mere subterfuge in the absence of cogent reasons for declining to produce his authorities. Hoping you will kindly publish the enclosed correspondence in an early issue of your widely circulated journal,—I beg, &c.,

June 3, 1889. K. V. PHADKE.

Sir,—I read with extreme surprise the speech which you made in the house of Commons on the memorable evening when Messrs. Smith and Caine encountered and utterly routed the forces of the Government. In the course of the hot debate about the Abkari administration in the Bombay Presidency you were pleased to give utterance to certain expressions which are, in my humble opinion, not only objectionable in themselves, but are highly prejudicial to the cause of reform. The quotations which you brought forth in order to disprove the assertion of Messrs. Smith and Caine that drink is opposed to the religion of India are as follows :—

(a) "Roar, roar, roar, ye fools, until I finish my drinking."

(b) Sweet speaking goddess, salvation for Brahmins depends upon drinking. True knowledge can never be acquired without drinking wine ; therefore should every Brahmin drink."

With all due deference to your judgment, wide experience, and extensive knowledge, I venture to say that I totally differ from you on the points ; but as it is perfectly impossible for me to state briefly and clearly the grounds of difference as long as the authorities for your quotations are not known, I request you to do me the favour of letting me know the names of the books which are the sources of your information.

I also request you to let me know the exact meaning of the expression "An Indian Shakespeare" and to let me know whether you think that there were or are more than one "Shakespeare of India."

I can only say for the present that these unwarranted expressions are condemned by the whole weight of native authority. Such vague expressions, when read in the light of party politics, are sure to make ignorant people think that they are intended to throw dust in the eyes of the people at large. It is, therefore, of vital importance that there should be no misconception with regard to these points. I therefore, sanguinely hope that you will condescend to answer all these questions with precision and quote authorities in support of your statements.

Hoping to be excused for thus approaching you with a lengthy letter, which, I doubt not, you will carefully read,—I beg, &c.,

K. V. PHADKE,
Editor.

To Sir Richard Temple, M.P.

LONDON, July 2.

Sir,—I am desired by Sir Richard Temple to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 3rd of June, and he wishes me to forward to you the enclosed copy of his speech on Mr. Smith's Resolution.

Sir Richard desires me also to say that he regrets he cannot correspond further with you on the matter, your letter being coached in terms and without the courtesy of an English gentleman.—I have, &c.,

(Sd.) O. BEEKER.

To Kasinath Vishnu, Esq.

Mail news from Alexandria gives some interesting particulars as to the cargo of the steamship Anadyr, the vessel of the Messageries Maritimes, which was sunk, the other day, in collision off Aden with the Oxus of the same company. There now lie in the hold of the former vessel, in seven fathoms of water, 174 cases of silver ingots, valued at 650,000 francs, which were destined for the Indo-China Bank, 123 cases of gold wire for Madras, 113 cases of watches, several cases of jewellery for Saigon, valuable woven stuffs for China, 800 cases of Bordeaux wine, and 100 cases of champagne.

POONA CRICKET.

(FROM OUR CRICKET CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Aug 28.

Since their unsuccessful descent on Bombay, the Poona team have payed two foreign matches, first at Sattara with the local Gymkhana, terminating in a draw at an early stage of the proceedings in consequence of the unwelcome intervention of Jupiter Pluvius. Poona naturally did not put forth its full strength in competing with a small station like Sattara, but Major Von Donop, Captain Morrice, and Messrs. Fitzclarence, Luard, Page, and Murray constituted a fairly strong nucleus as far as batting was concerned ; but if the match had gone on, the weakness in bowling might have been severely felt. Poona went in first, and succeeded in running up the satisfactory score of 222, the principal contributors being Morrice 79, Page 58, Luard and Murray 18 each, Hill 13, and Casement 10. The rain had made the ground very heavy, and the bowlers were much handicapped with slippery footing and a wet ball. Morrice's was a fine hitting innings, and Page played very well on the first day. Especially Hayes and Lewis, in spite of recent attacks of fever, bowled very fairly, and their efforts were well supported by some excellent wicket-keeping by Mr. Sprott. Sattara had little opportunity of displaying their prowess with the bat, as after 19 runs were scored for the loss of one wicket the match had to be abandoned.

The other encounter was with the Bombay Hindoos, which resulted in a crushing defeat for the latter, in whose play we were much disappointed ; and how they managed to beat a good eleven of Parsees, as they did recently, passes our comprehension. To begin with, the captain displayed a gross want of judgment when, after winning the toss, he decided to put his opponents in first. It is very seldom indeed that this policy is justifiable, especially in a two days' match. On this point that fine judge of cricket, Mr. A. G. Steel, in his chapter on Captaincy in the Badminton Cricket Book, writes, "No captain who wins the toss and puts the other side in deserves to win the match, unless there are some very exceptional circumstances to be taken into his consideration," and he only gives one reason in justification of such a course, namely, when a hard ground has been softened by a night's rain and is being baked by a hot sun on the morning of the match and there is a good prospect of a fine day. This was the case in the Bombay-Poona match at Poona two years ago, and the Bombay team suffered heavily, owing to their captain electing to bat on a treacherous wicket, which was likely to improve later on. On the present occasion there should have been no room for doubt. Rain was actually falling, the sky was overcast, and the wicket was sure to be easy at first, while the wet ball and the slippery condition of the ground were all against the bowlers and fieldsmen, and the veteran Poona captain must have chuckled within himself when he received his adversary's decision.

Its fatuity was speedily demonstrated. After Cox had been disposed of off his fads, Carpenter and Kilkelly knocked the bowling all over the place, and though the ball would not travel well, the score had reached 98 by luncheon time, after about an hour and three-quarters' play. Carpenter was out l-b-w to a grub, and Francis was bowled by a long hop, so slow that he got tired of waiting for it. After luncheon the wicket grew rather more difficult for a time, and four wickets fell without the score being materially increased, Kilkelly being caught long slip, Morrice well taken in the long field, and Smith and Barnes falling victims to Naik. But then the rain came down again and play had to be suspended for some 20 minutes, and when it was resumed, the batsmen had it all their own way. The score mounted rapidly at the hands of Lyttelton, Leslie, Clowes, and Murray, though many runs were lost owing to the batsmen not being able to run or turn. The Hindoos stuck to their work puckily, and little fault could be found with their fielding, and Vyacharkar brought off a second good catch at long leg. Over 100 runs were put on by the last four batsmen, and the innings closed for the large total of 235 at about 5-15 p. m.

After a short interval the Hindoos sent in Motiwala and Mehta to withstand the attacks of Clowes and Leslie, and Clowes disposed of Mehta l-b-w in his first over. This disastrous start seemed to paralyse the team. The play was of the tamest and feeblest description. Only 14 runs were made in three quarters of an hour by the combined efforts of eight batsmen, and seven wickets were down when time was called, Broker alone showing any form. The crack, Chowkar, was smartly stumped for 5, and five others failed to score at all. Clowes accomplished the hat trick and bowled very well, though it must be confessed that seldom has a slow bowler to deal with foes so devoid of offence. The next day the wickets were much easier and there was some improvement in the batting, the last three wickets putting on 35 runs and a few good leg hits were made, but the total only reached 50. Clowes' analysis was remarkable, 9 wickets for 19 runs. The Hindoos of course had to follow their innings, and though the result of their efforts, 54, was hardly better than in their first hands, there were some gleams of cricket which showed they might do better under more favourable auspices. Cloves, as before, began carrying all before him, but Merchant and Choukar made something of a stand, putting on over 20 runs. Choukar made two very fine drives for 4 off Kilkelly, and the style in which he made his 18 proved that his reputation as the best Hindoo bat was not undeserved. But, like most of the others, he was all abroad to the slows, and was caught off one very tamely. Many of the team seemed able to play a fast or medium pace ball with a fairly straight bat, but a slow ball was usually too much for them, and their punishing powers were in nearly every case lamentably deficient. Their bowling was not fairly tested owing to the weather, but their fielding was very creditable under adverse circumstances. However, we hope the Hindoos will not be discouraged—they are probably as good as the Parsees were four or five years ago. And there is no reason, why with steady practice and coaching, they should not improve in the same degree, and they may console themselves with the reflection that they were meeting a very strong batting eleven on this occasion, and that defeat did not necessarily mean disgrace.

THE JHELUM-GILGIT ROAD.

The proposed new road from Jhelum to Gilgit is to be taken in hand at once, says the *Pioneer*, Mr. W. H. Johnson, an experienced engineer from the Punjab, being deputed to take charge of the work. The existing road, such as it is, starts from Bandipur at the northern end of the Wular lake, about 35 miles from Srinagar, which distance can also be done almost entirely by boat. Thence, according to Montgomerie's map, it follows the Skardo route, the stages being Traghul, 11 miles, where the ascent of the Rajdiangan Pass, 11,800 feet, commences, to Jatkusi, 8 miles, Kumzlman, 8 miles, Gorez Fort, 11 miles, and Bungla, 10 miles. At Bungla or thereabouts the road leaves the Skardo route and turns off across the Kanuri Pass into the Astor valley. The Kanuri trigonometrical station alongside rises to over 15,000 feet ; but the pass, according to the late Mr. McNair, is easy, though trying in the rains owing to the slaty soil. From the foot of the pass to Danto is about 20 miles, "a fair road but no provisions," and from Danto to Gurikot, 18 miles. The whole of this length is surrounded by lofty snowy peaks, the enormous bare mass of Nanga Parbat, "the naked mountain," on the left. From Gurikot by Astor to Daskan is 15½ miles, and thence about as much more to Ram Ghat by a fairly good path, though some stiff climbing is involved, "the more trying owing to there being no water *en route*." At Ram Ghat the Astor river joins the Indus, the road crossing the former by a wooden suspension bridge and following a somewhat narrow track along the left bank of the Indus, taking on its way one or two mountain torrents, occasionally impassable for a few hours in the hot weather, to Bunji, where the Indus is at present crossed by ferries capable of carrying about twenty men at a trip. Bunji is some 32 miles from Gilgit, the first 20 being more or less difficult, with but little vegetation, and the last almost level, through a comparative land of plenty. All that exists at present is a fair road for baggage animals. Supplies along a good part of the distance are certainly scarce, though the soil is rich, and wood and grass plentiful, and McNair has particularly noted how poorly populated is the country along almost the entire route. He gives the stages from Srinagar as 22 regular stages, but did the distance himself in 11 days. The total length of the new road to be made is slightly over 170 miles, and it is estimated the whole can be completed in about three years.

POONA POLO TOURNAMENT.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Aug. 28.

The matches to-day were again well contested, especially that in which the Bombay representatives were pitted against the Visitors, who had beaten the Durham team. Tufnell's goal-keeping and general play was much admired, as also were the forward play of Graham and Barton. Burder seemed to be a good deal out of form, but Barton relieved him most efficiently. For the Visitors Beresford quite took the palm. Being well mounted he was ever on the ball, making several capital runs. During the game LeGallais, Doyne, and MacDougal always backed each other up, and so combined were they that they proved a little too strong for the Bombay men and won by three goals to two.

There was again a large turn-out to see the matches and the ground was in admirable order.

Bombay.	vs.	Visitors.
Captain Tufnell.		Captain LeGallais.
Mr. Barton.		Mr. Doyne.
Mr. Graham.		Capt. McDougal.
Mr. Burder.		Mr. Beresford.

First Round.—Bombay started well and at once commenced to carry the game into the Visitors, quarter. LeGallais and his forwards, especially Beresford, however, resisted the repeated attacks, and turned the tables, taking the ball into the Bombay country, Beresford nearly scoring but for Tufnell, who saved his goal. When time was called the ball was left behind the Bombay touch. Score, *nil*.

Second Round.—Burder secured the ball when it was hit out and took it a good distance down the ground. He, however, missed it, when Graham sent it on, and eventually Barton secured the ball before any of the opposite forwards could prevent him, and with a long drive scored the first goal. Shortly after play was resumed the Visitors knocked the ball behind Bombay goal. Tufnell hit out very feebly, and nearly allowed LeGallais to get a goal. But a second chance from a plucky hit enabled LeGallais with a short run to easily score after a short scrimmage in front of Bombay goal. This round secured a very long one, and when it was closed, the ball had been knocked behind the Bombay touch. Score, one all.

Third Round.—LeGallais and Beresford commenced with several good runs, and so did Graham for his side, but neither scored. Tufnell shortly after managed to get a shot at goal when the ball had been hit out and scored a second point. The Bombay forwards looked like getting another in quick succession, Burder and Barton making good runs, but they missed. Beresford now got the ball, and far out-pacing every one carried the ball right to the Bombay goal, where, however, he missed, but Doyne came up and with a side shot equalised the score, which now became two all.

Fourth Round.—The game became now a very fast one and both sides distinguished themselves, the Visitors getting the best of it through Beresford's capital play. During a scrimmage near the Bombay goal Beresford nearly scored for his side, but Tufnell very cleverly saved it, only, however, to lose it, as Doyne was just in time to collar the ball, and sent it through the flags. During the few minutes left for play the Bombay men played up very well collectively as well as individually, but were unable to equalise matters, as LeGallais, Beresford, and MacDougall resisted every attack. The round thus closed in a victory for the Visitors by three goals to two.

The next match was between the 3rd Bombay Cavalry and that crack corps, the 5th Lancers. From the start it was apparent the latter were the better team, but Phayre's good all-round playing and the assistance he got from Edwards enabled the Cavalry to make a bold fight. Beddy and his men played up so well, and they backed one another up so regularly, that it was a rare thing for the Cavalry to score. It was only towards the end, when Phayre left the goal to lookt after itself and played forward, that his side were able to get two goals. It was a plucky up-hill fight altogether.

5th Lancers.	vs.	3rd Bo. Cavalry.
Mr. Bailey.		Captain Phayre.
Captain Beddy.		Mr. Edwardes.
Mr. Collis.		Mr. Fraser.
Mr. Daniel.		Mr. Browne.

First Round.—Soon after hostilities commenced the 5th Lancers got a goal, their forwards eluding Phayre, Collis was able to send the ball through the flags. Beddy followed this up almost immediately after with another goal, but no further point was gained during the next few minutes. Score, 5th Lancers, 2 ; 3rd Cavalry, *nil*.

Second Round.—The game had not begun long when Collis with a series of good strokes and a long run scored a goal, with a beautiful 'chop' stroke. Phayre played up strongly, but got little assistance from his men, except from Edwardes. The game continued at a very fast pace, and it seemed as if Phayre was playing the others single-handed. He was nearly always on the ball, but was very much handicapped on having often to return to guard the goal. When the round closed, the score stood—5th Lancers, 3 ; 3rd Cavalry, *nil*.

Third Round.—During this round Edwardes played up well for his side. Bayley just managed, after a sharp scrimmage, to collar the ball, which he promptly drove between the Cavalry flags. After it was hit off Edwardes made a good run with the ball, but it was taken away from him. However, he shortly after had a chance on the run and scored the first point for his side. 5th Lancers, 4 ; 3rd Cavalry, 1.

Fourth Round.—During this portion the losing side made desperate efforts to score, but were always resisted. Phayre and Edwardes for their side were most notable, while Collis, Beddy, and Daniel were equally conspicuous on the other hand. The round was not closed before Edwardes, backed by Phayre, once more got a goal, but failed to gain another before time was called. The 5th Lancers, therefore, won by four goals to two.

MILITARY NEWS.

Lieut. G. W. S. Fryer, S.C., has been promoted to the rank of Major.

Dr. McEvoy has been appointed honorary surgeon of the Bombay Volunteer Rifles.

Lieutenant-Colonel W. F. Hume has been permitted to retire from the service.

Lieutenant A. H. Creah, 1st Worcester Regiment, has been admitted to the Staff Corps.

Captains H. C. E. Lucas and E. C. Kellie are promoted to the rank of Major in the Staff Corps.

The appointment of Mr. L. Penny to a second Lieutenancy in the Bombay Volunteer Artillery is gazetted.

Leave has been granted to Lieut. E. S. C. Berger, Lieut. C. A. Kemball, Capt. Schneider, Major J. W. Anderson, and Lieut. Turner.

Colonel J. S. D. Bolton, S.C., has been permitted to reside out of India. Lieutenant J. E. Tod, West Riding Regiment, has been appointed a probationer for the Bombay Staff Corps.

The 4th, 23rd, and 25th regiments of Bombay-Infantry, being linked battallions, are with the sanction of the Government of India formed into rifle-and will be styled 1st, 2nd, and 3rd battalions respectively.

The Government of India, not being above taking suggestions as to additional methods of raising the wind, although it unaccountably refuses to accept the hinted tax on railway tickets, the *Pioneer* ventures to ask why patent medicines are allowed to be sold in India without any benefit to the Government revenues ? Most of the nostrums are of American manufacture, and being imported direct escape the stamp duty which medicines made in England, like chlorodyne, have to pay, and there would not, therefore, be any howl from Manchester or Birmingham if a stamp duty were levied on these also. Nor would the American manufacture suffer in the long run, for just think of the value of the following advertisement to the proprietors of any so-called quack medicine :—

Sir,—Having suffered for several years from a chronic deficit in the Budget, and having tried kerosine oil, salt, and other remedies, I was at last persuaded by a friend to try St. Stephen's Safe Syrup, with the result that I can now show a surplus of Rs. X. You are at liberty to make any use of this communication.—Yours, &c.,

D. B.—BB—R.

Simla, 1st May, 1890.

Our contemporary feels sure that some satisfactory arrangement might be come to between the Government and the patent medicine manufacturers.

LIFE ON THE ALPS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ORMONT DESSUS, Aug. 9.

Since I last wrote from Geneva we have come up here amongst the mountains, and we are living now the most perfect rustic life that can be imagined ; we are in the Canton Vaud, very close to the snowy ranges of the Diablerets.

From Geneva we had a most delightful journey by boat on the lake of five hours, and then we took carriage for this place, a five hours' steady pull up the mountains. The scenery is wild and grand beyond description in the drive up here, and to add to the grandeur of the scene we had, in coming up, a terrific thunder-storm. The rain came down in torrents and the sky was dark with heavy clouds, excepting for the repeated flashes of vivid lightning which illumined everything about us and lasted for several seconds. It was awful in its beauty and wildness, and the thunder seemed like great avalanches falling about our ears.

To those who have had no experience of chalet life in the Swiss mountains it will be difficult to realize what it is from any description. We are in the Valley of Ormont Dessus with high mountains on every side of us, and one feels like a prisoner, for, as far as one can see, there appears to be no exit ; so clos ely are we hedged in with these awful heights. On one side of us we have mountains covered with perpetual snow, and a great glacier looking as blue as the sky in its frozen beauty, and the great bare, rocky mountain side is streaked with the white foam of dashing streams from the snow, forming exquisite cascades innumerable at the foot of the mountains, and these form into numerous pretty streams, cutting their way through woods and meadows, and flowing into La Grande Eau—a beautiful river in the midst of this sweet valley.

There is scarcely a sign of civilization about us. Dotted here and there over the valley one sees the rustic chalet—unpainted and without a vestige of ornament. They are all built of white pine, often grown a deep rich brown tint with age and weather. Our chalet is one of the best and largest in the valley, but when I first saw it I wondered how it would be possible to spend two months here in these bare pine walls ! Everything is of white pine—walls and ceilings and floors, all perfectly guiltless of any covering, but all spotlessly clean and white. The bedrooms have little bedsteads of the white pine and a little dressing-table of the same material. Our salon furniture consists of a couch of pine-wood, a few chairs, and a table. The ceilings are so low that one involuntarily stoops upon entering, although it is not absolutely necessary. There are windows and doors everywhere, and I quickly discovered that the delicious air and magnificent scenery more than compensated for the absence of all luxury within, and now I am simply enchanted with the life here. There is continually a delicious fragrance of pine from the chalet, which is health-giving and most agreeable. We are in the midst of green fields and meadows, and the noise of rushing waters is continually in our ears. We not only inhale the pinewood from our chalet, but also the low pine-covered hills, which skirt the mountains all around us, fill the air with the same sweet perfume. In these pine-woods there are the most enchanting walks that I have ever seen. One can wander in them for hours, and each step seems to reveal some new beauty and superb view. Walking here is the acme of delights, and the air is so bracing that one can walk for hours and hours without feeling fatigue.

The peasantry here are a laborious, stolid-looking people. The women work out in the fields all day, and from their rough life and masculine dress they look very much like the men—brown, hardy, rugged people. Their faces remind one of the animals—unemotional, silent, and patient. They look very picturesque, working in the hay-fields with their big flat hats, white bodice and braces, which make them look so like the men, and their short skirt revealing the most inelegant ankles and enormous feet. These Swiss peasants take their lives very mournfully apparently. I have never seen one laugh ! And a short time ago they gave a concert and begged that all the visitors in their beautiful valley would attend, as the funds were in aid of the "Choral Society of Ormont." This society consists of twelve hardy peasants, and it was droll and at the same time pathetic to see the great care they had taken in dressing themselves for the occasion. Such an amusing combination of styles it would be difficult to imagine. The cut of every garment seemed to belong to a different age and period. They sang eight songs in the most lugubrious and dismal voices that it is possible to conceive. It was terrible, and this in spite of the titles on our programmes, which were of the most lively description and suggestive of merriment and hilarity. When it was over, the faces of all about us wore a look the reverse of cheerful and very much as if they had been to a funeral, and we all walked out in the same mournful manner.

Edelweiss is found in abundance in the most inaccessible places amongst the rocks and snow, and near the glacier of the Diablerets. It is to me marvellous how people risk their lives for the sake of obtaining this most shy and retiring of little flowers ! How often one sees in the Swiss papers "Encore une victim d' Edelweiss," and a few days ago we nearly had another victim here. An English gentleman ascended about four o'clock in the morning with his guide with the object of crossing the glacier and gathering this coveted flower, and while crossing the ice some stones and rocks from above fell upon the gentleman, breaking his leg and injuring him seriously. This was at eleven o'clock in the morning, and he was obliged to lay there amongst the snow and ice and debris five hours alone, while the guide came down into the valley again, and took men to bring him down. He arrived in a terrible condition and is now lying in a critical state. And yet not a day passes that others do not undertake the same dangerous ascent.

We are having now the most glorious weather, cool and delicious and bright, and existence merely is a blessing at present.

A PORT TRUST CASE.

Thomas Henry Jolley, Assistant Superintendent of the Prince's Dock, appeared before Mr. Cooper yesterday and informed his worship that on Saturday last he noticed that while the s.s. Armenia was being unloaded, a case weighing nearly 36 cwt. was being discharged by an ordinary Port Trust crane, which was contrary to bye-law No. 44 of the Port Trust Act, which provided, among other things, that masters of vessels and stevedores or muccadums, who may be employed on vessels, shall see and be personally responsible that goods weighing over 1½ tons are not hoisted by the ordinary 30 cwt. crane. The stevedore who was discharging cargo was the foreman of Messrs. Hill and Grennan, named Joseph Clemston. He therefore applied for summonses against Joseph Clemston and the members of the firm of Hill and Grennan.

The Magistrate :—I do not think I can charge people who were not present on board the ship at the time the offence was committed.

Mr. Smith, who appeared for the Port Trustees, said the licensed stevedores were responsible through their agents.

The Magistrate said that under the circumstances, only one person was liable to be fined.

Mr. Smith said that it was desirable to have Hill and Gennan before the court.

The Magistrate remarked that he did not think more than one person could be charged.

Mr. Smith said that more than one person could commit a breach of the bye-law.

The Magistrate said the question had better be argued on another day.

MONSOON MUD SPORTS.

TENT-PEGGING, TILTING AT RING.
1st, Steel ; 2nd, Dick ; 3rd, Brooks.

SADDLE, CHEROOT, AND UMBRELLA RACE.
1st, Foulkes ; 2nd, Steel ; 3rd, Cobbold.

POLO BALL RACE.
1st, Steel ; 2nd Graham ; 3rd, Dick.

SPEARING ORANGES ON POSTS.
1st, Symons ; 2nd, Brooks.

LEADING AND RIDING PONIES.
1st, Cobbold ; 2nd, Symons, 3rd, Foulkes.

A Native newspaper, entitled the *Saturday Herald*, had made its appearance in Calcutta. In its introductory remarks the new-comer says :—"We feel that we have a higher mission to fulfil than to abuse the European and glorify the Indian. In a word, the most objectionable features of the majority of the native papers will be found conspicuous by their absence in our columns."

THE ROYAL BALL AT POONA.

It is difficult to convey anything but a dim idea of the magnificent spectacle the Council Hall presented on Wednesday evening, says the *Poona Observer*, when Their Royal Highnesses the Duke and Duchess of Connaught's Ball took place. For several days past Poona society was wholly absorbed in making preparations for the royal event ; and many ladies and gentlemen of artistic taste busied themselves up to Tuesday till the day had nearly merged into night, in decorating the handsome structure in which the ball was held. The grandeur of the hall was recognised by every one present. Everywhere within the building was to be perceived a lavishness of decorative art, yielding effects full of beauty, and the superb picture induced the mind to marvel at the tremendous labour involved in the decorations and general arrangements, and the infinite patience of those who undertook to accomplish a work so intricate and extensive. Standing at the south gateway outside the Council Hall, the scene in front was not striking enough to promote rapture, but once in the lobby and interior of the hall a sense of bewilderment seized one. Here Mrs. Pottinger, with one or two assistants, laboured to the best advantage to convert the place into fairy-land, for the scene that burst upon the view was a perfect dream of beauty, a happy memory of which will remain for some years to come. Entering the ball-room, which was resplendent with light, every crevice bore testimony to decorative art and refined taste. The walls were covered from top to base with martial arms and foliage, artistically designed. At the farther end of the room, two guns placed in each corner, amid a thicket of shrubs, and resting on a crimson platform, formed a bold outline to a background of artistic devices. The floor itself was sufficient to satisfy the enthusiasm of the most inveterate waltzer. Attached to the hall, on the right, was an immense shamiana, under the canopy of which was a shimmer of scarlet, blue and gold, not a vestige of the ground beneath the spread of rich velvet carpets being visible. To add to the splendour of the elaborate satin-covered gilded sofas and ottomans, arranged in a manner so exquisite as almost to baffle description, the brilliancy of the uniforms and the richness of the ladies dresses combined to present a scene which, as a thing of beauty, will live in memory for some time. Turning from this spot to the supper rooms, everything was as magnificent as elsewhere. From half-past nine, the guests began to arrive, and a little after ten o'clock, the ball-room was filled with a brilliant assemblage, the scarlet and gold of the British Infantry and Staff Corps officers, the black and gold of the Artillery, the blue and gold of the Hussars, mingled with the rich dresses of the ladies, on many of whom were displayed jewels of the finest water, while the sombre black of the civilian dress-coats supplied the necessary shading to the picture. The ball was opened with a quadrille in which Her Royal Highness the Duchess of Connaught danced with H. E. the Governor, while Lady Reay partnered the Duke, to the strains of the bands of the Durham Light Infantry and Royal Fusiliers.

PROGRAMME.

1	Quadrille	...	Orphee aux Enfers
2	Valse	...	Soldaten Lieder
3	Valse	...	Estudiantina
4	Polka	...	The Bugle Call
5	Lancers	...	Trial by Jury
6	Valse	...	Am Schonen Rhein
7	Valse	...	A Toi
8	Quadrille	...	London Life
9	Polka	...	Toute a la joie
10	Galop	...	Ohne rast und Ohne Rah
Supper	1	Valse	My Queen
Extras	2	Valse	Wiener Bonbone
11	Valse	...	Dorothy
12	Lancers	...	Somebody's Luggage
13	Valse	...	Soiree Dete
14	Highland Schottische		Keel Row
15	Valse	...	Chantilly
16	Valse	...	Laura
17	Polka	...	Bonnebouch
18	Valse	...	See-saw
19	Valse	...	Mon Reve
20	Galop	...	Flick and Flock

The following is the complete list of those present:—

T. E. Lord and Lady Reay.

Ashlin, Miss	Fraser, Dr
Adam, Brig-General	Faulknor, Mr
Adam, Mrs	Faulknor, Mrs
Anderson, Brig-General	Flood, Major-Genl Solly
Anderson, Mrs	Flood, Mrs Solly
Anderson, three Misses	Flood, Miss
Anderson, Captain	Forbes, Captain
Anderson, Mrs	Francis, Mr
Adam, Hon Forbes	Francis, Mrs
Adam, Mrs F	Foster, Captain
Arthur, Mr S R	Forster, Mrs
Addams, Mrs	Fawcett, Captain
Ashton, Mr	Fawcett, Mrs
Ashton, Mrs	Fletcher, Mr
Becher, Col	Godfrey, Colonel
Burke, Mr	Godfrey, Mrs
Baddeley Mr	Godfrey, Miss
Baddeley Mrs	Gott, Captain
Bissett, Major	Gott, Mrs
Black, Major	Grainger, Mr
Black, Mrs	Gillespie, Maj-General
Black, Miss	Horrocks, Captain
Borradaile, Colonel	Hight, Mrs
Borradaile, Mrs	Hay, Dr
Borradaile, three Misses	Hay, Mrs
Briggs, Dr	Hodgkinson, Captain
Briggs, Mrs	Hanwell, Captain
Bowen, Revd	Harrison, Captain
Bowen, Mrs	Harrison, Mrs
Beauchamp, Mr	Hepburne, Major
Beauchamp, Mrs	Hepburne, Mrs
Bode, Captain	Hogg, Colonel
Burch, Mr W E S	Hogg

Pritchard, Miss
Pullan, Colonel
Paget, Captain
Paget, Mrs
Propert, Mr
Pottinger, Major-General
Pottinger, Mrs
Pottinger, two Misses
Preston, Dr
Preston, Mrs
Porteous, Mr
Pottinger, Mr
Page, Mr
Peel, Colonel
Peel, Mrs
Prideaux, Colonel
Prideaux, Mrs
Quentin, Capt
Quentin, Mrs
Quinn, Mr
Rawlins, Colonel
Reinold, Mr
Reinold, Mrs
Ross, Captain
Ross, Mrs
Reid, Miss
Rebsch, Mr
Rebsch, Mrs
Reddie, Mr
Roopsingh, Resal-Maj
Ross, Mr
Smith, Mr
Spring, Mr
Scannell, Mr
Scannell, Mrs
Shipp, Mr
Shipp, Mrs
Shuttleworth, Mr
Shuttleworth, Mrs
Stewart, Mr
Stewart, Mrs N
Stevenson, Captain
Stevenson, Mrs
Stopford, Major
Stopford, Mrs
Scott, Mr
Scott, Mrs
Scott, three Misses
Smith, Captain
Smith, Mrs
Selby, Professor
Selby, Mrs
Slater, Captain
Street, Dr
Street, Mrs
Salaman, Dr
Salaman, Mrs
Smith, Mr Yorke
Smith, Mrs Yorke
Stannard, Captain
Stannard, Mrs
Stockinger, Mr
Stockinger, Mrs
Sassoon, Lady
Tottenham, Major
Thompson, Mr
Thompson, Mrs
Tidy, Major
Tidy, Mrs
Tytler, Colonel
Tytler, Mrs
Thom, Mr
Thom, Mrs
Twiss, Mr
Vibart, Major
Venning, Mrs Fred
Vidal, Mr
Vidal, Mrs
Von Donop, Major
Wray, Captain
Wray, Mrs
Williams, Mr
Williams, Mrs
Wroughton, Mrs
Webb, Surgn-Genl
Ward, Lt-Colonel
Whiting, Mr
Whiting, Mrs
Walker, Mr
Walker, Mrs
Warden, Mr
Wenden, Mr
Wenden, Mrs
Williams, Mr
Whitworth, Mr
Whitworth, Mrs
West, Sir Raymond
West, Miss
Wahab, Colonel
Wahab, Mrs
Warburton Mr
Warburton, Mrs
Walter, Captain
Wardell, Miss
Wilkin, Mr
Wilkin, Mrs
Young, Mr
Young, Mrs
Officers, R A, Kirkee
Officers, R A, No 1 M B
Officers, R A, No 2 M B
Officers, Royal Engrs, Kirkee
Officers, Royal Fusiliers
Officers, 2nd Lanc Fusiliers
Officers, 2nd Lanc Fusiliers Kirkee
Officers, 2nd Durham, L I
Officers, 2nd Gloucester Regiment.
„ Poona Horse
„ 1st Bo Grenadiers
„ 2nd P W O „
„ 9th Bo Infantry
„ 10th Bo L Infantry
„ 28th Pioneers
„ Marine Battalion
„ 1st Batt Bo Rifle Rt
„ Royal Engineers, Bo Defences
Comdr Carpenter, RN, and Officers
Major Sawyer and Officers, District Staff
Officers, 7th Hussars
„ Royal Artillery, Bo
„ 26th Bo Infantry
„ Royal Dublin Fus
„ Indian Marine
„ 3rd B Light Cavalry
„ 1st Battn Rifle Bgde
„ 3rd do. do.

A CORRECTION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—My attention has been drawn to a letter from your correspondent at this station (Igatpura), dated the 13th inst., referring to the Temperance Society, in which he stated that the use of the institute had been offered to the Temperance Society for Rs. 10 a night, but that they had refused the offer, wishing to have it for nothing. This is a misstatement, the facts being the very opposite, the Temperance Society having offered that amount, besides yielding in every particular to the objections which had been raised against the use of the institute for Temperance concerts and lectures, which, however, was also refused. The Temperance men only ask to be let alone and to have the same rights allowed them as all the other sections of the community. Their sincere object is to try and do good, and the spirit they wish to foster is one of mutual help and brotherly kindness, and they feel very much the way in which they have been misrepresented. They, however, intend to work on quietly and earnestly, notwithstanding all discouragements, and hope to win in the end and get

Igatpuri, Aug. 26. FAIR PLAY.

THE KATAU MAKANJEE SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY.

A MEETING of the members of the above company was held in Bazaar Gate Street yesterday, when the following directors' report was laid on the table:—

Your directors beg to lay before you their annual report and audited accounts of the company for the year ended 30th June 1889. Your directors regret that the year has not been favorable, as its earnings have amounted to Rs. 55,042-6-9. This they attribute to the rising and falling state, respectively, of the cotton and yarn and cloth markets, and the non-working of the full machinery. The card-room not being sufficient to supply adequately, and owing to some of the machines having been shifted from their old positions to make room for the extension machinery, almost throughout the year, nearly 5,000 spindles had to stop, and only half the number of looms could work during the period, as they were being removed to the new shed. Out of the above income your directors have carried Rs. 15,000 to machinery depreciation fund. There thus remain 40,042-6-9, which, together with the balance Rs. 183-5-5 from last year's account, show to the credit of profit and loss account Rs. 40,225-12-2 for distribution. They, therefore, recommend a dividend of Rs. 40 per share for the entire year, payment of which will absorb Rs. 39,800, leaving Rs. 425-12-2 to carry forward to next year's account. Your directors, with a view to increase the number of spindles, ordered and received 4,752 new spindles, 3,600 mule and 1,152 ring throstle, with all the necessary preparatory machinery. The mule spindles are from Messrs. Curtis, Sons and Co., and the ring spindles from Mr. Samuel Brooks, both of Manchester. The new preparatory machinery is also from Messrs. Curtis and Sons, excepting four flat cards which are from other makers. Your directors have also added ten patent single cop reeds for hand, of Messrs. Thomas Holt's make, 15 drop box looms from Messrs. Henry Livesey, Limited, of Blackburn, ten Platt's gins, and extra machines to meet the inadequacy of the old preparation. Excepting a few frames the extension machinery has now been erected and working. For the purposes of replacement your directors have ordered out from Messrs. John Musgrave and Sons four new steel boilers, 30'×7' of 110 lbs. pressure to enable the engine to bear the additional load of the new machinery, as the present boilers are, and can be, worked only at 90 lbs. pressure. They have also ordered out one Green's patent economiser. Your directors beg to report that within the year three cases came within operation of the relief afforded out of the Dwarkadas Vassanji Memorial Fund account, and that they have now made over Rs. 3,000 out of the fund to the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute in 4 per cent. Government loans for awarding a scholarship, of the monthly value of Rs. 10, out of the interest thereof to a native student who might be studying in the textile branch of the institute in view to qualify himself for any one of its four professions, viz., that of an engineer, a carding master, a spinning master, or a weaving master. The scholarship is designated "The Dwarkadas Vassanji Scholarship founded by the Khatau Makanji Spinning and Weaving Company, Limited." Your directors have, in your interests, but as an experimental measure, opened at the mills, hosiery department in joint account with Mr. Abdoolabhoy Hussoinbhoy. The experiment will last till the end of December 1889, and if the trial of this new branch of weaving shows beneficial results, they hope to make it permanent. Your directors hope that when the extension of the mill is complete, and the whole machinery runs full swing, the working will show better results. Two of your directors, Messrs. Cursandas Vulubhdas and Cursetji Manockji Settna, retire by rotation, but are eligible for re-election. You have to appoint auditors for the new year and fix their remuneration.

The directors' report and audited balance-sheet and abstract of profit and loss account were received and adopted.

A dividend of Rs. 40 per share for the year ending 30th June 1889, payable on and after Monday, the 2nd proximo, was declared.

Messrs. Cursandass Vulubdass and Cursetjee Manockjee Settna, the retiring directors, were re-elected.

Votes of thanks to the directors and agents were passed. With the usual compliment to the chairman the meeting dissolved.

BREWERS on India will have to bow to the inevitable, and accept taxation, which at no distant date will be imposed on their beer, thinks the *Englishman*. It is argued that as a tax is imposed upon spirituous liquors it it manifestly unfair that beer should escape. One consolation is that the tax will be very light, and will in no way handicap Indian beer.

BOMBAY SEASON REPORTS.

THE following season reports for the week ending 27th August 1889 are published in yesterday's *Government Gazette*:—

Karachi.—Rain in Karachi 18 cents, average of 8 other stations 15⅛ cents. Weather sultry. River at Kotri on 26th, 19½ feet against 16 feet 7 inches on the same date last year. Standing kharif crops in good condition. Some damage from river floods in talukas Manjhand and Johi; also in Jerruck and Shahbandar divisions. Cattle in poor condition in Kotri.

Shikarpur.—Rain in 7 talukas; maximum Shikarpur 1 inch 29 cents, minimum Rato-dero 2 cents, total 12 inches 37 cents. Inundation very favourable. Crops flourishing. Cattle healthy.

Hyderabad.—Standing crops at some places damaged by winds, rain and breaches in canals and bunds. Rabi operations in progress. Rain in 8 talukas; average 1 inch 80 cents. Condition of agricultural stock fair. Locusts still in 4 talukas, but no damage caused. Prices steady.

Upper Sind Frontier.—Rain Jacobabad 25 cents, Thul 34 cents, Kashmor 2 inches 27 cents; beneficial.

Ahmedabad.—Slight rain throughout the district; maximum 64 cents at Modasa, minimum 2 cents at Gogha. Standing crops doing well. Transplantation of rice is in progress. Grasshoppers damaged bajri and jowari crops in some parts of the district.

Panch Mahals.—Rain during the week 71 cents. Crops in good condition.

Kaira.—Rain throughout the district; maximum at Nadiad 1 inch 21 cents, minimum at Thasra 41 cents; total at Kaira 37 inches 56 cents. Standing crops in good condition.

Broach.—Slight rain throughout the district; maximum 1 inch 18 cents at Amod, minimum 28 cents at Vagra. Standing crops and cattle healthy. Prices of food-grains normal.

Surat.—Slight rain throughout the district; maximum Pardi 3 inches 55 cents, minimum Jalalpor 13 cents; total maximum Pardi 60 inches 42 cents, minimum Chorasi 28 inches 74 cents: more rain wanted for rice crops in Jalalpor and parts of Bardoli. Weeding in progress in Olpad, Bardoli, Jalalpor, Chikhli and Mandvi. Standing crops good. Agricultural stock healthy.

Khandesh.—Slight rain in almost all parts of the district; maximum in Nandurbar 1 inch and 99 cents, minimum in Chalisgaon 10 cents. Standing crops healthy, except in the Pimpalner and Sindkheda talukas, where from the beginning the rainfall has been insufficient.

Nasik.—Rain 58 cents, total 8 inches 98 cents; more rain required throughout the district to prevent withering of young crops. Agricultural stock still poor in Sinnar, Niphad, Baglan and Kalvan Talukas, owing to the scarcity of fodder. Prices rising in Sinnar.

Colaba (Bombay.)— Rain every day; total of week 1 inch 60 cents, total to date 60 inches 96 cents, being 3 inches 90 cents above average. Abnormal temperature 1° warm on 21st and from 23rd to 26th, and *nil* on 22nd and 27th. Vapour in air slightly in excess of normal. Abnormal wind westerly from 21st to 23rd; wind normal from 24th to 27th.

Thana.—Rain 3 inches 19 cents, total 87 inches 75 cents. Rainfall general. State of rice plants good. Condition of agricultural stock good.

Kolaba.—(Report for the week ending 26th August 1889.)—Rain 2 inches 72 cents, total 76 inches 37 cents. Condition of crops good. Weeding completed.

Ratnagiri.—Rain throughout the district; maximum 9 inches 42 cents at Chiplun, minimum 2 inches 71 cents at Vengurla. Crops good.

Poona.—Rain throughout the district; maximum 3 inches and 67 cents in Petha Mulshi, and minimum 5 cents in Indapur Taluka; more urgently wanted in Deshi talukas. Sowing of kharif still retarded for want of rain in parts of Khed, Sirur and Bhimthadi Talukas. Standing crops withering in parts of Indapur, Khed, Sirur and Bhimthadi Talukas for scarcity of rain; elsewhere they are doing well. Scarcity of fodder in five talukas. Agricultural stock good.

Ahmednagar.—Slight rain in all talukas; maximum Jamkhed 69 cents, minimum Kopargaon and Sangamner 7 cents; more wanted everywhere except at Jamkhed. Crops withering in parts. Fodder scarce in most parts, and drinking water in some.

Sholapur.—Rain maximum Barsi 16 cents, minimum Karmala 3 cents. Standing crops are in good condition. Maize and kundi are being reaped in Malsiras Taluka. There is much want of rain. Land is being prepared for rabi crops. Average prices of food-grains are as before. Weather cloudy.

Satara.—Rain in Satara 1 inch 79 cents, total 22 inches 79 cents; in talukas, maximum Patan 5 inches 71 cents; none in Khatav: total rainfall insufficient. Want of more rain much felt in the eastern talukas, where there is no change in the condition of crops. Fodder scarce. Agricultural stock good.

Bijapur.—Rain maximum Hungund 41 cents, minimum Sindgi 8 cents; none in Bagevadi. Crops suffering from want of moisture in places. Cotton sowing retarded. Agricultural condition good.

Belgaum.—Rain at Belgaum 1 inch 11 cents, total 32 inches 91 cents; rain still deficient to north-east and east, where less land than usual has been sown. The crops sown have suffered to some extent, and fodder is scarce. More rain is urgently required for standing crops and to sow cotton. Agricultural stock good.

Dharwar.—Rainfall for week 26 cents, for season 13 inches 2 cents. No rain in the eastern talukas and pethas and in the Karajgi Taluka. Paddy crops in the west and early crops in the east are fading for want of rain. Fodder scarce in Navalgund Taluka and Nargund and Mundargi Pethas. Drinking water scarce in parts of Hubli Taluka and Nargund Petha and in the town of Dharwar. Late crops not begun to be sown for want of rain. Prospects worse.

Kanara.—Favourable rain throughout district; Karwar 6 inches 33 cents. Crops healthy.

Rajkot.—Rain 80 cents, total 22 inches 14 cents. Sowing of rabi crops in progress. Agricultural stock improving.

Wadhwan.—Rain 22 cents, total 19 inches 26 cents. Crops thriving.

Baroda.—Rain 1 inch 69 cents during week, total 39 inches 27 cents. Weeding operations continue, standing crops doing well. Agricultural stock fair.

General Remarks.—Rain during week general; more needed throughout Nasik and in parts of Surat, Khandesh, Poona, Ahmednagar, Sholapur, Satara, Bijapur, Belgaum and Dharwar. Young crops damaged by floods in parts of Karachi, by wind, rain and breaches in canals in parts of Hyderabad, and by grasshoppers in parts of Ahmedabad; also suffering for want of rain in parts of Poona, Ahmednagar, Bijapur, Belgaum and Dharwar. Standing crops otherwise good, except in two talukas of Khandesh. Sowing retarded for want of sufficient rain in parts of Poona, Bijapur and Dharwar. Preparation for late crops progressing in parts of Hyderabad, Sholapur and Kathiawar. Fodder scarce in parts of Nasik, Poona, Ahmednagar, Satara, Belgaum and Dharwar. Drinking water scarce in parts of Ahmednagar and Dharwar. Prices rising in one taluka of Nasik.

FORTHCOMING EVENTS.

Aug. 31—Byculla Club, Half-yearly Meeting.
Bombay Cotton Manufacturing Company.
Kaiser-i-Hind Fire Insurance Company.
Sobrab Woollen and Cotton Mills.
Sept. 2.—Prince of Wales Fire Insurance Company.
4.—Municipal Standing Committee.
Bombay Cotton Trade Association.
6.—Cricket at Poona, Bombay *vs.* Poona.
Government Telegraph Quadrille Party, Telegraph Buildings.
7.—Cricket at Poona, Bombay *vs.* Poona.
Procession of the Taboots.
Legislative Council at Poona.
9.—Cricket at Poona, North *vs.* South.
10.—Cricket at Poona, North *vs.* South.
Justices' Election of a Chancellor.
Fourth Criminal Sessions.
Poona Native Arts Exhibition, Distribution of Prizes by Lord Reay.
11.—Cricket at Poona, North *vs.* South.
Municipal Standing Committee.
Fourth Criminal Sessions.
12.—Fourth Criminal Sessions.
13.—Fourth Criminal Sessions.
14.—Legislative Council at Poona.
Fourth Criminal Sessions.
16.—Cricket, Gymkhana *vs.* Parsees.
17.—Cricket, Gymkhana *vs.* Parsees.
Parsee New Year's Day.
18.—Western India Fine Arts Exhibition, Poona.
Municipal Standing Committee.
19.—Poona Races.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills.—These remedies are unequalled throughout the world for bad legs, wounds, foul sores, bad breasts, and ulcers. Used according to directions given with them there is no wound, bad leg, or ulcerous sore, however obstinate or long standing, but will yield to their healing and curative properties. Many poor sufferers who have been patients in the large hospitals under the care of eminent surgeons, and have derived little or no benefit from their treatment, have been thoroughly cured by Holloway's Ointment and Pills. For grandular swellings, tumours, "piles," and diseases of the skin there is nothing that can be used with so much benefit. In fact, in the worst forms of disease, dependent upon the condition of the blood, these medicines, used conjointly, are irresistible. 8

DAMAGES FOR A BREACH OF AGREEMENT.

YESTERDAY at the Small Causes Court before Mr. Cursetjee Manockjee, the Third Judge, the suit filed by Paul A. DeBono against Mrs. A. McMahon, a midwife, to recover Rs. 30 as damages sustained by reason of the defendant's breach of contract, made between them at the beginning of May last, came on for hearing. By the contract the defendant undertook to serve and attend on the plaintiff's wife, for the first twelve days of her confinement, but the defendant failed to carry out her contract, the plaintiff had at the last moment to engage another woman for Rs. 75. Mr. Sorabjee Bezonjee appeared for the plaintiff, while Mr. DeSouza appeared for the defendant. Mr. DeSouza applied for a postponement on the ground that his client could not attend the court as she was suffering from rheumatism and now living at Bangalore. Mr. Sorabjee objected to the application, and contended that when the case came on for hearing on the 25th ult., it was postponed on a clear understanding that no further postponement should be asked for, and the defendant was to attend in Court this day. His Honour refused the application and passed judgment for the plaintiff for Rs. 30 and court costs.

The defendant in the above case had filed a cross-suit against the plaintiff for the recovery of Rs. 45, the amount of engagement for services rendered to the defendant's wife Mr. DeSouza on behalf of Mrs. McMahon, made a similar application for postponement, which was refused.

The pleader then applied to withdraw the cross-suit, which was allowed, when his Honour ordered Mr. DeSouza's client to pay to Mr. DeBono Rs. 5 as professional costs of the suit.

PORTSMOUTH DOCKYARD.

From *The Portsmouth Times and Naval Gazette*.

WHEN one has visited the Royal Dockyards at Woolwich and Chatham, and inspected the great ships of war with their powerful armament, which the Admiralty are providing for the protection of Her Majesty's extensive coast lines, he is at once satisfied that "Britannia still rules the waves." While there are obvious differences of opinion between experts, relative to the value of large and small warships in action, one has only to come to Portsmouth Harbour and see such formidable ships as the Inflexible, the Iron Duke, the Devastation, and others of equal armament, costing upwards of a million sterling to produce, with myriads of small torpedo craft, to become convinced that in matter of naval construction England is not only keeping abreast with other countries, but is excelling them. Portsmouth Dockyard and Portsmouth Harbour are names familiar throughout the civilised world. It is here that all the war vessels and magnificent troopships of Her Majesty's service are fitted out for foreign stations. It is said that these ships are supplied with every conceivable necessity for the comfort of the officers and men; every precaution is taken to provide against sickness and disease caused by the sudden change of climate, to which troops are subjected. It is said that every vessel belonging to her Majesty's service leaving Portsmouth is not considered ready for sea without a liberal supply of St. Jacobs Oil. This marvellous remedy is not only used extensively on shipboard, but also in the several dockyards above mentioned. Mr. Frederick Payne, 62, Gladstone-street, Landport, Portsmouth, has been connected with the Portsmouth Dockyard for upwards of fourteen years. He hands us the particulars of the most miraculous cure effected by the use of St. Jacobs Oil in the case of his wife who for eight years had been a fearful sufferer from rheumatism. Her limbs and shoulders were swollen to three times their natural size; her arms and hands were shapeless; much of the time her right shoulder was swollen to that extent, that the top of the shoulder and the side of her face came together. Four years ago, the disease settled in her back, making her completely helpless, the heart became so much involved that she was unable to make the slightest exertion without experiencing great difficulty in breathing. The only way she could lie in bed was by having the back of a chair set up behind her, and padded with pillows. She suffered such excruciating agony that she repeatedly fainted away. She became so much reduced in flesh that Mr. Payne says she was little more than a skeleton. She was treated by the best medical skill in Portsmouth and vicinity, employing four medical gentlemen in all, each of whom told her and her husband that they could do nothing whatever for her—that her case was chronic and past all hope of recovery. Last summer, being a little better, she went to a small town in Sussex for a few weeks, where she had another violent attack, and here follows a very interesting and most providential circumstance:—The lady to whose house Mrs. Payne was carried had herself been cured of rheumatism in the shoulder by the use of St. Jacobs Oil, and was very urgent in her request for Mrs. Payne to try it. In less than five minutes after the first application Mrs. Payne began to experience cessation from pain. After the second application the pain had almost entirely disappeared, and before the contents of one bottle were exhausted, the pain and swelling had entirely gone. From that time on she made a most satisfactory, rapid, and permanent recovery. Both Mr. Payne and his wife say that she has not been as well as she is now for fourteen years. Mr. and Mrs. Payne are both members of the Wesleyan Chapel in Landport, and Mr. Payne, as above stated, has been employed at Portsmouth Dockyard for fourteen years. The above was such a remarkable case that some of the chemists and dealers in Landport were called upon with the object in view of obtaining further information respecting this marvellous remedy; among others, Mr. Timothy White, 158 and 160, Commercial-road, when interviewed stated that the demand for this popular remedy was rapidly increasing, that he never buys less than sixty dozen at one order. When a remedy possesses such remarkable curative properties as those abovementioned it is not to be wondered at, that Her Majesty's troopships are never considered ready for sea until a supply is on board.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT.

SIMLA, Aug. 29.—A local barometer fall is reported from Dera Ismail Khan and Multan, and in all other places the barometer has risen briskly and generally rapidly, the central stations being well marked. The depression lies between Quetta and Multan, otherwise the distribution is fairly normal. Winds have shifted to northward in the south-west of the peninsula; elsewhere the directions are as usual. A strong monsoon is blowing over the Bay. The temperature variations are from average to small, the excess being in Bengal, Bombay, Rajputana, and Madras, and the defect in Burma, Upper India, and the central stations. Rain is general and rather heavy in Burma, Bengal, the North-West Provinces, and a greater part of the Punjab, and slight and scattered in the Peninsula and the Central provinces.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

	Byculla.		Fort.		Esplanade.		Colaba.	
	In.	cts.	In.	cts.	In.	cts.	In.	cts.
Previously registered.	64	85	67	81	63	27	69	96
Aug. 28, Wednesday	...		...		...		0	10
„ 29, Thursday	...	...	0	4	0	6	...	
Total	64	85	67	85	63	33	61	6
Total of corresponding date last year	54	81	51	23	52	23	51	31
Total of corresponding date of 1887	74	34	75	62	72	10	68	39

MR. P. HOLLAND'S appointment as extra Aide-de-Camp to the Commander-in-Chief is said to be a very popular one in Simla. Besides being a good soldier, he possesses more than ordinary skill as an actor and musician, and has assisted in no small degree to make the theatrical season a success.

VERY sad news has been received from Basra at the head of the Persian Gulf. Cholera has been raging there for some time, and within the last few days it has assumed such a virulent form that people are said to be dying faster than they can be buried. The few European inhabitants, most of whom are merchants, closed their offices some weeks ago and came away; but the sole representative of the British Government, Mr. P. J. C. Robertson, the Political Agent, felt bound to stick to his post, and has paid for his fidelity with his life. On the 20th it was known in Karachi that Mrs. Robertson, with two children and a European nurse, were about to leave Basra, and arrangements were actually being made for a house for them in Karachi. Next day Mr. Robertson wired saying that both the children had died of cholera; and on the 22nd telegraphic intelligence was received that he had himself succumbed to the disease. Mrs. Robertson is thus left in about the most pitiable situation it is possible to conceive; and, if she does not fall a victim to the disease which is devastating the land, she is certain to be prostrated by the suddenness of the calamity which has overtaken her. We trust that Government will take measures to remove her from the painful position circumstances have placed her in.

HIGH COURT.—ORIGINAL SIDE.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice PARSONS.)

DISPUTED CLAIM TO TRUST PROPERTIES.

OOBHAYA RAGHOWJEE *vs.* DYABHOY CULLIANJEE AND OTHERS.

THE plaintiff in this suit sought for a declaration that he was the trustee of certain trust properties, that the defendants be ordered to deliver up to him the possession of the properties, to account to him for the rents and income received by them, and for their management thereof, &c. Lord Colin Campbell and Mr. Inverarity, instructed by Messrs. Macfarlane, Edgelowe, and Hemming, appeared for the plaintiff; and Mr. Jardine and Mr. Lang, instructed by Messrs. Little, Smith, Frere, and Nicholson, appeared for the defendants.

By an indenture of the 11th December 1866 the premises in question became vested in Hurbhum Nursey, whose heir the plaintiff claimed to be, and other persons, and their heirs and administrators upon trust; and it was provided that the trustees and their heirs should receive the rents and income of the properties, which should be applied in defraying the expenses of the temples of Chandreprabhoo and Santinath at Nurria in Cutch. The plaintiff said that all the trustees were now dead; no new trustee had ever been appointed; and the last surviving trustee, Hurbhum Nursey, died in the year 1887. Plaintiff claimed to be the heir of Hurbhum Nursey, and contended that, under the provisions of the indenture of the 11th December 1866, he was now the trustee of the trust properties and entitled to receive the rents and income for the maintenance of the temples in question. The defendants had usurped the management of the premises, had been receiving the rents and income, and applying them to their own use, quite regardless of the trusts created by the indenture. They had no right to manage the properties or to interfere with them in any way whatever; and if they were allowed to receive the rents and income, the same would be wholly lost.

In their defence the second and third defendants denied that plaintiff was the heir of Hurbhum Nursey or the trustee of the indenture. Hurbhum and Madon Govindjee managed the trust properties till the year 1870, when their firm failed and they ceased to act as trustees. From 1870 down to his death in 1875 Bhojraj Dewsey was the trustee; and on his death his widow Hirbai became the trustee, and had ever since managed the properties. Since her absence in her native country from August 1888 the defendant Trecum Velljee had, at her request, supervised the collection of the rents and had paid them to the account of Hirbai. In any event, the plaintiff was not a fit person to be a trustee. He carried on no business, was possessed of no means of his own, was lately insolvent, and was now living on trust charitable property. Plaintiff was not entitled to any relief as against Hirbai, and it was urged that the suit should be dismissed with costs.

His Lordship, in disposing of the suit, said it was true that the adoption of Hurbhum Nursey, so as to entitle him to be a trustee of the trust properties, was not proved by evidence. But the plaintiff had failed to show that he was the heir of Hurbhum Nursey, and he could not, therefore, maintain this suit. The suit was accordingly dismissed with costs.

COLDBLOCDED MURDER OF A WIFE.

YESTERDAY at the High Court the Hon. Mr. Justice Scott and the Hon. Mr. Justice Jardine disposed of an appeal in the case of Imperatrix *vs.* Marya bin Karya, who was in July last convicted of murder by Dr. A. D. Pollen, Additional Sessions Judge of Dharwar, and was sentenced to death. Mr. Shamrao Vithal appeared for the accused and Mr. Shantaram, Government Pleader, appeared for the Crown.

The circumstances under which the accused murdered his wife, Nagi, were these. It appeared that on the 6th May last the mother of Nagi went to see her two daughters at a place called Bankan Kond. About midday she was taking her meals with Bharvi, one of her daughters, when the deceased Nagi came to the house and joined them. They had some conversation, in the course of which the deceased Nagi complained to her mother of her husband's conduct towards her. The husband, the accused, who heard the conversation, became angry at it, called his wife into his room, threw her down to the ground, and completely cut her throat with a sickle. The deceased's mother and sister, on hearing her cries, ran into the room, and there they saw the deceased lying on the ground with her throat cut, the accused standing over her, holding her hair with one hand, and hacking her neck with a sickle, which he held in the other. An alarm was raised, and the accused was arrested by the police. The Sessions Judge, agreeing with the assessors, found the accused guilty of murder and sentenced him to be hanged.

Their lordships on a review of the circumstances of the case confirmed the conviction and sentence passed upon the accused.

ST. JOSEPH'S FOUNDLING HOSPITAL.

REV. FR. TH. DALHOFF, S.J., Secretary and Treasurer, begs to acknowledge, with thanks, the following further donations received from 6th July to date towards the above fund:—

	Rs.
The Hon'ble Sir Dinshaw Manockjee Petit, Kt.	25
Mr E C Oliver	10
Mr S A Duigan	10
Mr G Cotton, for July	5
Mr J Janni	5
Mr W F	5
Mr C Douglas	5
Messrs. V & N Madhowdass	5
Messrs. Cowasjee Dinshaw & Bros	5
Bai Dossabhai, widow of Dhunjeebhoy Framjee Warden, in memory of her son Framjee	5
Mr J O'Connell	5
Mr H A Geyer	5
Mr G Cotton, for August	5
Mr Framjee Nusservanjee Patel	5
Mrs Scott	5
Mr A Murray	5
Byramjee Jeejeebhoy, CSI	5
Mr J Connell	5
Messrs B X Furtado & Bros	5
Mr Noormahomed Jairazboy	5
Mr Arjaseer Dossabhai Moonshee	5
The Hon'ble P M Mehta, MA, BL	5
Mr Currimbhoy Ebrahim	5
Dr F B Seervai, G G M C	5
A Friend	5
Mr Bomanje Dhunjeebhoy Mistri	3
A M	3
Donations under Rs 3	44

ST. ELIZABETH'S WIDOWS' HOME.

REV. FR. TH. DALHOFF, S.J., Secretary and Treasurer, begs to acknowledge, with thanks, the following further donations received from 4th July to date towards the above fund:—

	Rs.
Mr Gustave Rat, Messageries Maritimes Co	10
Mr J M. Sleater, MICE	10
Mr E T C	10
Mr James Jardine, MA, BL	5
Mr Nesserwanjee Manockjee Petit	5
Mr A McK	5
Mr Currimbhoy Ebrahim	5
Mr F Bozzoni	5
Mr J O'Connell	5
Mr H A Geyer	5
Mr C Douglas	5
C E K	5
L P R	5
Mr A C	5
Mr Aug M Misrahe	4
Mr B M Malabari	3
Mr F F A	3
Mr Murray	3
Mr A M	3
Mr J Connell	3
Messrs B X Furtado and Bros	3
Messrs Cowasjee Dinshaw and Bros	3
Donations under Rs 3	45

AN army circular has been issued, inviting the attention of the officers concerned to the regulation under which officers permanently appointed to civil or political employ, and to the Police, Public Works (including Telegraph) or Survey Departments since the 1st April, 1884, cease to be borne on the rolls of their regiments, and after ten years' absence from military duty are placed on the supernumerary list.

AT the village of Phillour, in the Punjab, a low caste Hindu married his daughter to one of his own relatives recently. The mother of the girl was averse to the union and, therefore, unaware to her husband, had the daughter re-married to a man, who was one of her own relatives. On the day of the *barrat*, however, both parties came to claim the girl as their bride, and a serious quarrel ensued, resulting in broken heads, &c. The father of the girl was threatened the next day with prosecution by the bridegrooms, and not knowing what to do he killed the girl, thinking that the dispute would end there. The parties then took the earliest opportunity of retracing their way back to their homes, while the unfortunate father has been arrested for murder.

NOTES BY A SWIMMER.

SOME men exhibit an alacrity in sinking. I remember many years ago meeting a bald-headed corpulent Frenchman in a railed enclosure, which served for bathing purposes on the beach of the Isle of Wight. He wore a fancy costume, and was not only equipped with an inflated collar, made of some elastic material, but wore webbed gloves, as if he aspired to compete with ducks in their favourite element. For all this he splashed and panted, and rolled about, until it almost made me weep to look at him. "Ah, sare!" he sputtered, as he staggered and clutched at the edge of the bath, "I do most wish zat I could swim a leetel." "Have you been practising long?" I inquired. "Fifteen years, sare," he answered, with a sad smile. "It is very simple and easy to acquire," I rejoined, by way of encouragement. "Ah! for you Englishe," he said, "because ze good Ladye Britannia, she rule de vave—vis me it is *au contraire*. I have no confidence, sare!" Here Monsieur missed his footing and disappeared beneath the water for a few moments, and when he came up, with an expression of abject despondency, I could see that his confidence had gone for ever. Here let me remark that this "confidence trick" lures many to their discomfiture. Confiding novices fancy that if they can only muster up courage to rush into the foaming below and strike out boldly, success must reward their heroic efforts. This is a popular mistake. Method, uniform and measured strokes are essential, not only to graceful movement, but to prevent muscular fatigue and pulmonary exhaustion.

The first time that I bathed on the South Coast my attention was arrested by a bathing-machine, over whose varnished door was written in guilt letters the startling advertisement, "Pierce-Poet." When its gifted owner approached me with a view to business I was still more surprised, for his demeanour did not at all harmonise with my notion of the pensive minstrel. Instead of being lean, pale, and black-locked, he was remarkably robust, weighing close upon seventeen stone, and had a shock of Rufus-like hair and a raucous voice, better suited to nautical than lyrical performances. We had not been long acquainted, however, before I learnt that he was the popular author of a five-act tragedy, called *The Battle of Waterloo* (price five shillings) and an "Ode to Grace Darling" (price two-pence). But much as I admired his tuneful art, I was still more impressed by his aquatic achievements. He was one of Neptune's darling boys, and had a genius for keeping his Titanic head above water. I have seen him wrestling with and reposing on the waves for an entire hour, performing wonderful feats, flying a kite, discharging arrows from a bow, rolling on the water, moving under it with feet only visible, and cooking a mutton chop on a portable stove, with a bachelor's frying-pan. How many persons he had saved from drowning I cannot remember, but, like all the amphibious tribe to which he belonged, the "Poet-Pierce" was brave, tender, and always thinking of other people's safety in preference to his own.

It is a curious fact that excepting men and pigs all animals swim by instinct. Pigs are disqualified owing to the shortness of their forelegs, by which their throats are lacerated. But though great expertness in swimming may not be within the reach of all rational beings, none need despair of attaining a point sufficient for their own personal protection. When the anxious matron warned her son not to venture into the briny deep until he was able to swim, she was not aware that no one can tell exactly what he can do in such an unstable element as water until he tries, yet caution is at all times necessary. The sensation of feeling that you are out of your depth is not one of unmixed pleasure. I remember when a very little boy, and could only accomplish a few strokes, a school-fellow, supporting my chin, conducted me across a river about thirty yards wide, and then, laughing, swam away, leaving me to my own devices. The nearest bridge was half-a-mile distant. I was very doubtful of my ability to swim back unaided, but I resolved to make the attempt and succeeded, not less to my satisfaction than surprise. All tricks of this kind with young and timid learners should be sternly discountenanced, and put down with a strong hand. It is very convenient for the swimmer to be able to enjoy that gentle exercise called "treading water." The action referred to is not unlike doing penance on a treadmill. Of course the water must be chin-deep, and the progress is slow but sure; in cases of emergency, however, this expedient is not to be despised. It sometimes happens in river-swimming that the feet become entangled in weeds or rushes, and it is difficult to get rid of them. A friend told me that he once found himself in this predicament, and owed his rescue to being able to keep his head just above water, while a companion diving down with a penknife, severed the band by which he was held captive. There is no better way of acquiring confidence in the buoyant power of water than by swimming some distance, if your lungs will allow you, under its surface. It is surprising how difficult it is to remain below the surface, the water continually acting as a propeller upwards. Of course your eyes should be kept open to avoid a collision with other dauntless practitioners, and to see what is to be seen in that museum of marine stores—the bed of the ocean.

Some persons are unhappily disqualified for aquatic sports by organic disease. A medical man, remarkable for his fine physique, informed me that he was an exceptionally good swimmer, but having, when a student, had an attack of rheumatic fever, he had ever since suffered from a diseased heart, and that for him to plunge into the sea would be sudden death. He assured me that he often wished he could see some incapable person fall into the water, as in that case he would be bound to rush in to his rescue, and so enjoy a luxury which had been denied him for years. He died without having his eccentric wish gratified. It is stated by experts that a person falling into the water may keep afloat by such a simple expedient as placing a hat inverted on the surface, and supporting himself by holding the brim. The arms being of greater specific gravity than an equal bulk of water are the most potent factors in drowning, and there is nothing so laborious as swimming with the arms extended above your head. Whether an armless man falling into the water would float by his own buoyancy I cannot say, as I have never seen such an accident and hope I never may.

The perils of sea-bathing would be lessened if diving were eliminated from it. I remember seeing an American dive from a

PURE PERSONALITIES.

It is understood that the Prince of Wales in the course of his Continental wanderings will certainly visit the German Emperor, who, I hear, has invited his Royal Highness to attend the autumn manœuvres, which are to be held early next month in Westphalia and Hanover, one feature being a review on the field of Minden. The Emperor William is to reside at Munster during the first part of the manœuvres, while during the latter part his headquarters will be the hunting castle of Springe, near Hanover.

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Even the stony heart of Mr. Storey must be relenting a little, I should think, as he reads of the work cut out for the Prince of Wales during the German Emperor's visit. The poor man did not even get his Sunday free, for on that day he had to accompany the Emperor on a private inspection of the fleet. If Mr. Morley were not such a strong advocate of free contract in hours of labour, we should have him proposing a six days' week in "the trade of a Prince." Besides, the Prince does not greatly love his nephew—he has never been able to forget and forgive the young man's apparent unkindness to his mother—so that these days will be a severe tax even on the proverbial tact of the Prince.

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To accompany the Emperor of Germany on military and naval inspections is no joke, for whatever else may be said against him, he is terribly in earnest and "a very devil" (as the lazy phrase goes) at work. The Prince of Wales— though a hard-worker, too, in his way—has not the same military spirit; and there is a story current at Berlin that he caused no little contemptuous grumbling on a recent occasion by going out by special train (which, of course, was late) to inspect the regiment of which he is honorary colonel, instead of going betimes in the saddle.

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They succeeded in getting the Shah up to the first-floor of the Eiffel Tower, but not all the blandishments of M. Berger could get him any further. As for the lifts, he would not look at them. After much discussion he started up the iron stairs leading from the ground and ascended a height of some forty feet. There he remained, clinging to the hand-rail. After a bit he sat down on the stairs. Then by a mighty effort he pulled himself together, and ran violently up the rest of the flight to the next landing, where again he sat down. So by gallant rushes and alternate resting he gained the lowest platform. That satisfied him. They got him to the entrance to the upper lift, they shoved the Vizier in, but the Lion of Persia was not to be entrapped and he had had enough of stairs. For a while it seemed a question whether he would go down or spend the rest of his reign up there; but the cheers of the crowd, the shouts of "Il a peur!" revived his flagging courage, and he finally descended by the way by which he came up.

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Mr. Henry E. Abbey has arrived in New York. As soon as Mr. Abbey set foot upon the pier he was besieged by a number of people anxious to know the truth about Miss Mary Anderson's condition. Mr. Abbey said: "There is not a shadow of truth in the reports that Miss Anderson is in an asylum, or that she is threatened with paresis. It is, however, not singular that these reports should be current here, for they are plentiful in London, due no doubt to the fact that Miss Anderson is not going into society as she formerly did. Still, she receives her intimate friends, and may be seen out walking or driving every day in Hampstead, where she is living with a friend. When I first arrived in London she came to see me, and I was surprised to see how much better she was looking. She was mentally as bright as ever and just as keen and 'cute about business matters. She then said she did not think she would be strong enough to undergo the fatigue of a tour. I told her there was no hurry, and that she had better take a month to decide. About six weeks ago I again saw her, and she then decided to give up the tour. The last time I saw her was about a month ago, and the improvement in her condition seemed to be continuing. I hope that she will play with me the season after next. By the way, I see that Christine Nilsson is reported to have become insane by some correspondents, while others have been satisfied to say she was growing deaf. I saw her only a few days before I left, and she was never better, mentally or physically. There wasn't a trace of deafness."

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"Lord Palmerston," said Mr. Gladstone the other day, in genial reference to his old age, "is the only person who ever attained to the rank of Prime Minister of this country that I have not already outstripped and left behind me. And the distance between Lord Palmerston and myself is now so short that if my days be prolonged but to a small extent, he would be in the rear and I in the front." Lord Palmerston was born October 20, 1784, and died October 18, 1865. Mr. Gladstone was born December 29, 1809. To be level with Lord Palmerston he has only therefore to live till December 27, 1890. As he is still able to make about six speeches a day, we venture to predict that the Grand Old Man will win as against "Old Pam" in a canter.

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I hear (writes a London correspondent) that at the Carlton Club the indignation against Lord Randolph Churchill is very strong. Some of the more hot-headed members want him expelled forthwith; and if the question were to be decided by a plebiscette of the club the noble lord would receive summary dismissal. The matter, however, rests with the committee; and though they have been urged to take action, it does not follow that they will do so.

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The friends of Mr. and Mrs. Whitelaw Reid are highly delighted with the house which the American Minister has been fortunate enough to obtain in Paris. It was originally the home of the Countess Grammont, who was born Mdlle. Sabatier. Her father was at one time the French Consul-General in Egypt, and had acquired a vast collection of Egyptian curiosities, which used to be seen in the large hall of the house. But Mr. Whitelaw Reid's taste did not cling to the gloomy statues of Isis and Osiris in black basalt, or to the dusky bronzes and pottery which decorated the walls. He has had them all packed away except a pair of marble sphinxes on the balustrade.

***

In place of these ornaments he has had the walls hung with brocatelle of a crimson ground-work, with a design in yellow. Of the drawing-rooms, to which a door from the staircase leads—the smallest is panelled with Louis XV. groups, after Boucher, and the largest is furnished in crimson brocaded satin. The cornice is carved and gilt as a setting to the ceiling, which is made to represent a blue sky with clouds. A life-sized statue of Helen of Troy stands in front of the window. Beyond this drawing-room is the dining-room, which is just large enough for a party of twenty-four. Americans have no reason to be ashamed of their countryman's house, but it would have been a surprise to Mr. Reid's simple and almost Puritanical father had he lived to see it.

***

Poor General Boulanger seems to be getting into trouble over his lady friends, observes a home paper. The revelations made apropos of a certain Mdme. Pourpre, an ex-governess familiar with the Paris police-courts, are not to his credit. After his repeated denial of any knowledge of the lady, it does not sound well to hear that while still Minister of War he visited her in prison, the permission being signed with his own name. The table linen marked G. B—found in her house also argues a certain intimacy. Though undoubtedly a useful present, a tablecloth is not the kind of souvenir one would send to a total stranger. The Public Prosecutor further more declares that he has in his possession many compromising political letters from the General to the lady, proving that she was, at one time, a very skilful secret agent—that is, spy. The whole affair might be very cunningly worked up by a latter-day Gaborian. One wonders by what chain of circumstances these letters and secret informations got into the enemy's hands. If the facts revealed by the Public Prosecutor yesterday are true, the General is in rather a predicament.

***

The Schreiners are a remarkable family, being half English through their mother, who was the daughter of a Congregational minister in East London. In the "South African Farm" Olive Schreiner gave her mother's maiden name, Lyndall, to her heroine. One brother founded some years ago a flourishing college at Eastbourne, the other works with Miss Schreiner, and is one of the leaders of the temperance movement in Africa. Miss Schreiner has just been making a stay in England, and I regret to say that she leaves the country this week.

***

Miss Olive Schreiner, the author of the "South African Farm," is not, as many papers have stated, the Miss Schreiner whose earnest and eloquent advocacy of temperance had recently created such a deep impression in the temperance world. The two sisters, each such remarkable women in their way, are widely different. Miss Schreiner has entered heart and soul into the temperance crusade. To listen to her experiences, which include months spent at the diggings, makes one realize, as one has seldom an opportunity of doing, all that one determined women can do for the cause on which she has set her heart. If Miss Olive Schreiner would describe certain phases of her sister's mission work, the result could not fail to be as interesting a study of human life as anything contained in the "Story of an African Farm."

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For the Complexion.
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Mrs. LANGTRY writes:—"I have pleasure in stating that I have used Pears' Soap for some time, and prefer it to any other.

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SALT REGAL renders Pills, Potions, and Physic unnecessary.
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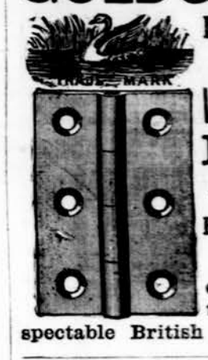
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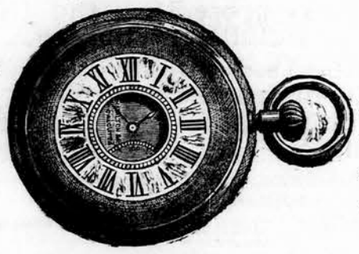

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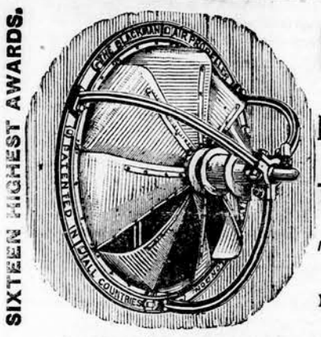

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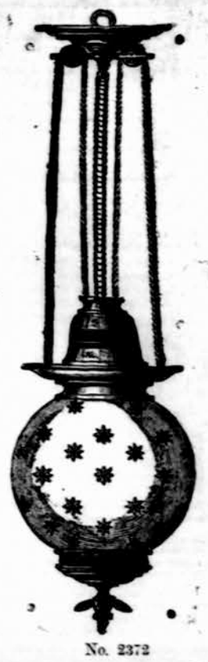

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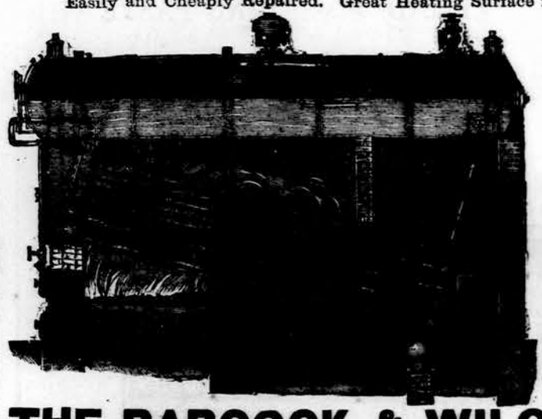

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For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin and Blood Diseases, Eczema and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

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